

WEATHER FORECAST:  
Tomorrow: Showers.

# THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:  
At 3 p. m., 88 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1906

NUMBER 131

## HERE'S THE WAY THEY MANGLED THE MAP

Just cast your eyes over the map and you will observe the flagrant jerry-manders and rank discriminations against Democratic sections.

Nobody is particularly surprised. The districting was done by an all Republican commission under no material restrictions whatever.

The Ada country has not so great a grievance, perhaps, as some other sections; yet in the 600 square miles included in our district, No. 87, there reside not less than 20,000 people. This, notwithstanding the districting board estimated that each 13,000 of population was entitled to a delegate in the constitutional convention. It so happens that the Republican enumerators for the Ada district never reported but eight of the fifteen townships assigned them at the time of the Clayton meeting. Possibly this neglect, wilful or otherwise, accounts for a 20,000 strong Democratic community being compressed into one district.

Look at the Purcell district, No. 86, fifty-four miles long and most of the way only six miles wide. How's that for a shoe string? Obviously determined to make a Republican district of

it, they carved down the Canadian bottom for a hundred miles to corral all the negroes. They took away from us the Maxwell country up there, and that happens to be one of the townships never reported by the Republicans.

Well, we may be thankful such rank procedures will not last much longer. The republican carpet-bag rule is drawing to a close. Notwithstanding the territory north of the Canadian, though vastly smaller than the south side in both area and population, was given a majority of the districts, because it contains the thickest Republican population—still the board's labor will be lost. With all the board's cunning and travail there is sure to be a big Democratic majority in the territory and in the constitutional convention.

Old 87 is going to help build that majority, too.

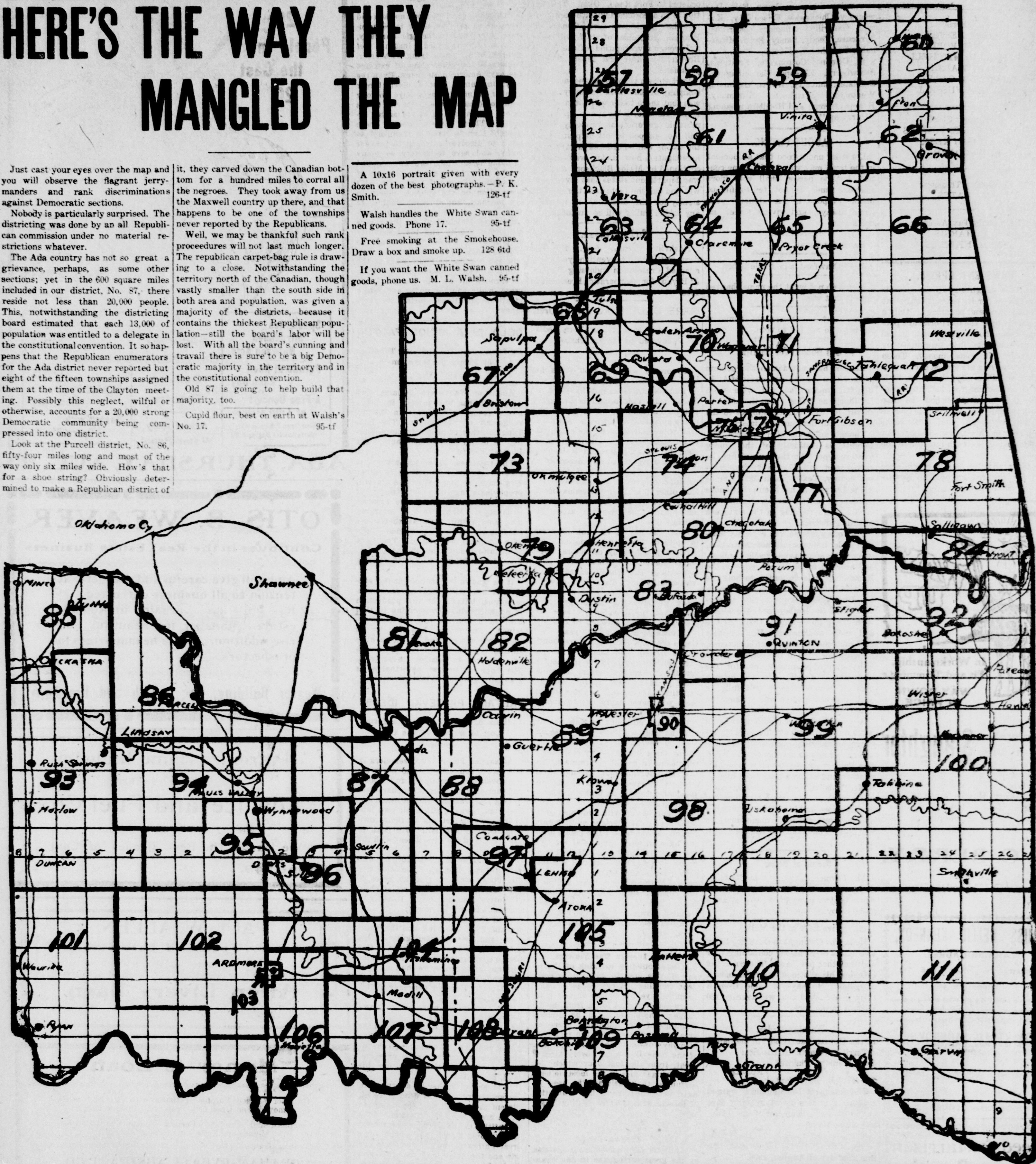
Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs.—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

Free smoking at the Smokehouse. Draw a box and smoke up. 128 6td

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf



## THE RANK GERRYMANDER OVER AT M'ALESTER

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 23.—The republicans are very much elated in this city over the publication of the districting map and the democrats believe that the committee went out of its way to perpetuate one of the most ridiculous and shameful gerrymanders in the history of gerrymandering.

The work of the committee practically excludes all of the rural popula-

tion from this district and goes six miles out of its way in order to include with McAlester the coal towns.

Republican activity at Krebs and Ardmore is now explained. It seems altogether probable that it was tipped off to them that the mining towns would be included in this district. The republicans have been holding big meetings in those towns for the past few days

and the courts have been unusually active in granting first instance naturalization papers, which in itself will involve a legal question of their holder's right to vote.

The work of the board has also called to mind the old threat of the coal men to control the Italian vote. It looks like all the miners will be bunched together and the miners it is said are more than evenly divided in their politics, the majority of them favoring the republican ticket.

There will probably be two republican districts in the Choctaw Nation and the district in which McAlester is located will contain more population than any other district in the territory. This is another fact that seems to have entered into the calculations of the republican

politicians in their work.

At present it seems that this district may be republican by a working majority of from 5,000 to 8,000. However the democrats are not discouraged and claim they have a fighting chance to carry it for the constitutional convention.

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shoat, also an organ for a pony. 120-24t w18-4t. Lee Smith.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

Chance at box of cigars with each 10c spent at Smokehouse. 128 6td

## BOTH PARTIES FRAME UP AGAINST THE NEGRO

Muskogee, I. T., Aug. 23.—A mass meeting of 1,000 voters was held here last night at which it was decided that the business interests of Muskogee demanded the election of two non-partisan delegates to the constitutional convention.

There was no opposition to this plan when it came to a vote. P. B. Hopkins, republican, and C. N. Haskell, democrat, were unanimously

endorsed for delegates. It is believed the influence of the business men of Muskogee will be sufficient to force both parties to endorse these nominations. Otherwise the candidates will run on an independent ticket. The attendance at the mass meeting was about evenly divided as to politics. The plan is one evolved to eliminate the negro from politics in the two Muskogee districts.



## Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER  
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 26, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff  
ROBERT NESTER  
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT  
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL  
MART WALSH  
JAMES D. GAAR  
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk  
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS  
W. S. (SAM) KERR  
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer  
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor  
C. C. HARGIS  
W. H. NETTLES

## NEWS ENTERPRISE.

The News delights at all times to do the very best for its patrons consistent with its means and patronage. Only a few papers over the territories are publishing a map showing the constitutional delegate districts just proclaimed by the board. It costs money. Those thus enterprising are almost exclusively the larger dailies. But the News, little as it is, is also enterprising; at considerable cost it has published the map in both the daily and weekly. Its readers are thus saved the sum of 25c each, which they might otherwise have spent for this map of so much interest to the people.

Nothing that is within reach is too good for the readers of The News—that's our motto.



I am making a big **Slaughter**

On Prices of the Chitwood stock of Goods. I also to Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Dyeing at Reasonable Prices. Ladies Skirts a Specialty. All work Guaranteed. Give me a call.

**B. C. BERRY,**  
TAILOR  
Over Rollow's Store.

**MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,**  
TRAINED NURSE.  
Kodawa - - - Ind. Ter.  
Phone No. 33.

**ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.**  
Is given up to the best. On  
Largest Agency Work  
of any plant in this Territory

**Reed & Harrison**  
Wholesale and Retail **Buggies**  
The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

## WHAT SHALL IT BE?

In case the people want to change the name of the town what are some of the suggested names? Here are a few Chickasaw names we have heard. Chickma meaning "good" or the best. Manachaha, a high place or hill. Okalanwa, a place of much water, very appropriate if the reservoir is a go. Tomaha, a gathering place of the people. Those who would retain the identity of the present name would call it Indianada, Fairada, Missada and Adahaha. Others have suggested, Oxford, Nashville, Louisville, Hiawatha, Furman, Bryan, Folk, Democracy, Chickasaw, Frisco City, Katy, Gassville, Adamore, Moreada, Syracuse, Teddy, Sandy, Byrd, Minnehaha, Tomahawk, Hustle, Steel, Brevard, Cement, Cottonville, Fruitville, Strawberry, Etheopia, Carpetbagger, Scheister, Industry, Wyatt, Eastmain, Westmain, Statehood, Tammany, Hearst, Jerome and Hoodletta meaning "Hurry up."

## ABOUT VOTING.

Let it be understood that all persons in the town may vote in the name contest, but no person shall vote more than one time. Do not fail to fill out blank coupons in full signing your name always, and giving street address.

HAVE you voted?

J. P. Crawford is in Jessie today.

If you do not want the name changed vote it that way.

If you want to change the name of the town do not fail to vote.

## Gus Bobbitt for Sheriff.

Readers have noted in another column of the News the announcement of A. A. Bobbitt, known far and wide more familiarly as "Gus," for the office of sheriff of this county subject to the action of our democratic primary.

Though an Alabamian by birth, Mr. Bobbitt is distinctly of the sturdy western type. At the age of five he moved west, in 1867, and lived in Grayson county, Texas, until 1880. Since the latter year he has been a continuous resident of the Chickasaw Nation, for eleven years residing in the sixteenth recording district.

For four years he was a deputy marshal under a democratic administration, winning his spurs as an excellent officer, and scorned to place his name on the Republican role in order to hold the position longer. Grown up in the country, Gus Bobbitt is thoroughly conversant with its history and acquainted with its people—knows their virtues and their weaknesses. He possesses such tact, such courage, such horse sense, such a knowledge of the conditions, as most admirably qualify him for the high office of sheriff. Besides, he is a man of whom it may truthfully be said, you can always tell "where he is at."

A man of strong convictions and iron determination, such attributes as hypocrisy, insincerity, two-facedness are utterly foreign to his character. When Gus Bobbitt takes a stand, it is an emphatic stand and you hear from him.

Mr. Bobbitt lives at Oolite, eight miles south of Ada. With his admirable qualifications and his wide acquaintance and his unquestionable democracy, he will be a candidate to be reckoned with at the polls.

## Picnic at Bebee.

The Farmers Union of the Bebee vicinity are making merry at a picnic today. Quite a number of Ada boys are there enjoying their hospitality.

## Five Ears to the Stalk.

Robt. Ford brought to this office today two stalks of corn, one containing four and the other five ears. The corn was raised on his allotment near the mouth of Sandy. He says it came from a twenty acre field that will average 120 bushels to the acre.

## Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District: Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. Joe Mauldin, Defendant, No. 822. The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.  
[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.  
By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy.  
Galbraith and McKeown, Attorneys.  
Attorney for non-resident: W. C. Edwards.

# NEGRO TROOPS ARE TO BE TAKEN AWAY FROM TEXAS

Washington, Aug. 22.—The negro Federal troops have been ordered out of Texas. Instead of going to Ft. Ringold, which is about 100 miles up the Rio Grande from Ft. Brown, the battalion of the 25th infantry has been ordered to Fort Reno, Okla. This action is in accordance with the direction of the president, also, General J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff will make a thorough investigation of the whole Brownville affair and report to the president.

Fort Brown is to be abandoned, the company of the 26th infantry which was sent there today will not stay very long. Its duty is to pack up all the movable government property, which will be shipped to other posts when the troops will be ordered away. The investigation now under way will be continued by Major Blackson and the war department states that every one will find out the facts and the responsibility for the disturbances and that any soldier guilty will be punished.

## Endorse Bryan.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 23.—The democratic state convention yesterday adopted a resolution endorsing William J. Bryan for democratic President in 1908.

## RARE ORCHID AGAIN FOUND

Plant Long-Sought Has Been Rediscovered on Recent Tibet Expedition.

An orchid which for 50 years has baffled all the attempts of collectors to find its native haunts has been rediscovered. This orchid is the cypripedium Fairianum, which is one of a random collection made in Assam in 1857, sent to London in the same year and bought by a Mr. Fairie, of Liverpool, in whose possession it bloomed and was daily hailed and described in orchid literature as one of the most beautiful orchids hitherto known. Several other plants of the same orchid came with it, and the species was at once named Fairianum, after Mr. Fairie.

From the day of its first discovery, in spite of scores of expeditions and perilous journeys by collectors, not a single plant was found until some member of the Tibet expedition, a few months ago, discovered a whole bunch of the plants. He sent them along to Calcutta, whence two were dispatched to Kew, and others are gradually coming through to England. "Probably another 50 years will elapse, ere more Fairianum are found," said a British specialist, "for no private collecting expedition is likely to venture into such a country. My own belief is that unless another military expedition traverses the same ground there will never again be a chance of getting plants."

The plant flowering at Kew has five growths and two flowers. The second plant, is developing five blooms. The flower has a slender, hairy scape about ten inches in height, a prominent and charming dorsal sepal, one and three-quarters inches in length by one and one-quarter inches in breadth, with a white ground beautifully veined with violet purple and with brownish green veins near the center and whitish hairs around the margins. The petals droop and have an upward curve at the tips; they are one and one-half inches in length, with a white ground streaked with purple and yellow. The upper margin of the petals is much undulated and covered with prominent purple hairs. The pouch is rather small, greenish-brown in color, veined with brownish red and covered with short hairs.

## How Insects Use Flowers.

It is astounding to think of the result of this mutual, and yet independent working. Every shade of color, from pale yellow to the richest blue, every peculiarity of form, from the flat shape of the buttercup to the intricate windings of the columbine; every degree of sweetness, from the insipidity of many flowers to the rich sugariness of the honeysuckle, and every kind of scent, from the foul odor which attracts vulgar flies to the most delicate perfumes that delight the bees, all have proceeded from this connector of insects with flowers.—*Outing Magazine*.

## Thrown Out.

"And you say you lost your position by the great earthquake in San Francisco?" inquired the kind lady.  
"Yes, mum," replied Frayed Franklyn.  
"What was your position?"  
"I was asleep in a barn at the time," mum.—*Midweek Sentinel*.

## PRECOCIOUS SENILITY.

Valuable Lives Snuffed Out in Youth and Middle Age by Disease of Age.

Precocious senility, when marked and rapid, is so rare as to be mere academic interest, a pathologic curiosity, such as the recorded instance of children of six years dying with arteriosclerosis and other signs of extreme age, says American Medicine. Even the very uncommon, but a much larger number of milder cases have so long been noted as to have given rise to the axiom that a man is as old as his arteries. These cases deserve more thought than is given to them, not so much to discover cures as to prevent decay, and save to society so many valuable lives which are now snuffed out in the middle age by diseases of the senile. There has been much wild speculation on the subject, chiefly in lay journals, and due, no doubt, to some more or less sensational investigations of Metchnikoff on the causes of normal senility and the possibility of prolonging human life beyond the century mark. Yet it is a serious problem and we should know what is the stimulus which makes one organism go through all its life changes in 50 years, while another under apparently identical conditions lasts 30 years longer.

## COLD IS A MINOR FACTOR

In Pneumonia the Huddling Together of People Is More Important

Augustus Wadsworth declares that experience has shown cold to be a minor predisposing factor in the development of pneumonia. The huddling together of people in close quarters is of far more importance, says Medical Record.

The treatment of pneumonia in its present stage may be said to be either very easy or impossible. A careful prophylaxis against disturbances of the digestive tract is of the greatest importance. Many ways of attaining the same results present themselves and the choice in great measure rests with personal experience. The hope of definite results lies in the production of an efficient and specific antiseptic.

It is known that poisonous substances are elaborated by the pneumococcus, but so far the production of an antitoxin corresponding to that used in diphtheria has not been obtained. Pneumonia, however, is the bacteremic disease and as yet in none of this type have satisfactory results been secured in relation to antisera. The hope of success nevertheless is gradually growing brighter.

## RETAIN PRIMEVAL IDEAS.

Indians Are Not Free with Information to Agents of the Government.

Alexander Posey, the Creek clerk in the Dawes commission, who works for the government among the full-bloods, runs across some interesting characters among the Indians, some of whom live far from towns, speak their own language, seldom get out of their own neighborhood and still have faith in the treaties of the government with the Indians.

One of these is Artus Hotiya, who cannot speak English. The other day Mr. Posey went to Hotiya's place to get information concerning a child of Hotiya who had died. In reply to questions Hotiya answered:

"You crossed the Wewoka creek this morning? It is spring and the water runs; you see the green grass on the prairies; the grass still grows. Our people have agreed that so long as water runs and grass grows, we shall not have our lands divided nor our governments supplanted. I am not yet ready to give information."

This speech was made in Creek and represents the dignity and faith of the old class of Indians who still resent the government allotment of lands. When it was explained to him that all the information wanted was such as would make possible an allotment for his child, he replied:

"God has given her an allotment in the graveyard. She is dead. The allotment there is all that she is entitled to. A grave is all the allotment that I am entitled to and all that God intended that I should have. It is enough. The Great Father placed the Pacific on one side and the Atlantic on the other, and the land between he gave to the Indian. The white man came and he set corner stones and told the Indian that he must live between these. The Indian cannot live so. He is being stifled by the white man, who has disarmed him of his bow and arrow and driven from the forests the game. The end of the Indian is near, but I am not yet ready to contribute to hastening it."

## Pleasant for Him.

"I was so sorry to hear of your daughter eloping with young Badger—"  
"You needn't condole with me," interrupted Henpeck. "I'm tickled to death."  
"But he's such an impertinent upstart."  
"Well, it'll be a positive joy to have some one in the family who can talk up to my wife."—*Philadelphia Ledger*.

## UNDER CANVAS

ONE NIGHT - ONE PERFORMANCE

You've Seen the Best,  
Now See the BEST!

J. J. CONLEY  
Presents the New  
WESTERN DRAMA

You're Coming?  
Why, of course!

# The Scout's Revenge

By HAL RIED

20  
People in  
the Cast  
20



16 Piece  
Zouave Band  
16

Specialties  
Introduced  
Between Acts  
Parade at Noon  
Each Day

A Free Concert  
at 7:00 o'clock  
Doors Open 7:30 o'clock  
Performance Begins 8:00

A  
Specially  
Constructed  
Canvas  
Theatre  
Absolutely  
Water-Proof

Elegant Costumes  
Lavish Effects  
A Carload of  
Scenery  
Lighted by  
Electricity  
Seated with  
Opera Chairs

ADA, THURSDAY, AUG. 23

## OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some very argains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building. :: 12th and Broadway.

## Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

## Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

## PAUL W. ALLEN.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Best of Service.

## Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

## Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.

Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

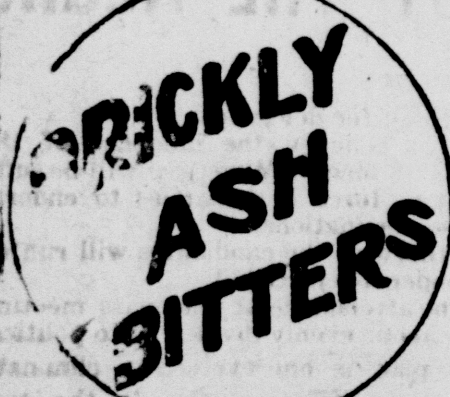
## GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen)

# WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money. YOURS FOR PRESCRIPTIONS

W. T. NOLEN



## THE SYSTEM PURIFIER

Drives Out That Billious, Lazy Feeling.  
Makes You Bright, Active and Cheerful.

## CURES CONSTIPATION

SOLD AT DRUG STORES - PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE



**A GOOD DOCTOR**



is a broad minded man, and one who has the interest of his patient at heart and does all in his power to care for his patient. The best doctors' skill and ability is of little consequence if his prescriptions are filled by incompetent druggists and with impure drugs. Our prescription department is the largest and most complete of any in the city and is composed of the purest drugs and chemicals and compounded by experienced druggists. Consequently the best results are obtained. We can fill any prescription written by any physician in the city. You do not need to take them elsewhere because they are written on other druggists' stationery.

**G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.**  
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

**LOANS**

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

**ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.**

W. H. EBEY, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND. TER.

A Full Line of

**May Manton Bazar PATTERNS**

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

**Reed & Harrison**

**MASON DRUG COMPANY**

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Uptodate Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

**OVERDRAFTS**

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the controller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

**Ada National Bank**

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500. Ada, Ind. Ter

**COMING!**

**J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin**



**\$5,000.00 Challenge Band and Orchestra**

The only big one coming this way traveling in their own private cars. Will exhibit under waterproof tent seating 2,500. Rain or shine, at

**Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28**

**LOCAL NEWS**

Jno. Beard went to Madill today.

Smoke up at the smokehouse. 128 6td

W. H. Braley went to Francis today.

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

C. E. Davis went to Tishomingo today.

■ Bran, 100-lb sacks 90c. Phone 70. tf

Mrs. A. L. Ingram went to Okemah today.

Buy Big A flour if you want the best. 131-3t. Ada Milling Co.

Gilbert, Everett and Jack Reed returned today from Lenoard and other Texas points.

We sell flour and bran cheap. Try us and be convinced. 131-3t.

Price Big A flour before you buy if you want the best for less than you can buy inferior brands. 131-3t. Ada Milling Co.

Miss Ora and Virinda Yates, who have been the guests of the Misses Sims for the past month returned to their home in Paris.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

Mrs. H. M. Parvin, who has been attending the sick bed of her sister, Mrs. W. T. Cox, returned to her home in McKinney, Texas today.

For anything to eat or wear call on Jas. M. Walsh, one price, spot cash to all. 129tf

It's worth while to buy your cigars at the Smokehouse. A box free to customers every night. 128 6td

Miss Grace Boyle, who has been with the Oklahoma Central commissary people left today for Sulphur, at which place she has accepted a position.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

Mrs. W. T. Cox who has been very ill is improving.

Play a game of pool at the Smokehouse and get a box of cigars. 128 6td

Our business affairs have been permanently and satisfactorily arranged and we have resumed business. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 130d5w1 MASON DRUG CO.

Misses Mary Goff of Terrell, Texas, Leah Crain of Illinois and Neal Bowler of Okemah, are guests of Mrs. W. S. Thomson.

Best bran in town 80c per 100 pounds. Phone 66. 131-3t.

Andrew K. Thornton is rapidly improving.

Judge J. M. Doss, who has been confined to his home on account of illness is reported no better today.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-tf

H. T. Young has purchased the Jno. P. McKinley property in Sunrise. Mr. Young will move in Sept. 1st. He comes to the city to take advantage of the public schools.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and county. 130d5w1

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" never grows old. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal language of the heart. It reflects like a prism the innermost phases of the human emotion. It is more than a play. It is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can enthuse the mind: human liberty and the immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by J. D. Chunn's colossal spectacular company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management doubtless believes in the maxim, "What's worth doing is worth doing well." They have brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first class entertainment. J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin company will exhibit at Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28.

**Do You Need Shoes?**

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workman-ship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children . . . . .

**CHAPMAN**

The Shoe Man.

**News' Name Election.**

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed? . . . . .

Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer? . . . . .

[Signature] . . . . .

[Street Address] . . . . .

**Program A. Y. M. B. S.**

Sunday, August 26, 1906. Services held at First Presbyterian church, promptly at 3 o'clock.

Song.

Opening prayer.

Roll call.

Lesson: Fourth chapter of Nehemiah. Leader, J. W. Beard.

General discussion. Leader, Orel Harper.

Prayer.

Song.

Rolls opened for new members.

Benediction.

Every man and boy will be most cordially welcomed. Every christian is especially urged to "line up" with this society.

**Ada Man in Wreck.**

W. D. Hays was on the Frisco Meteor Tuesday night bound for home when it collided with a freight while crossing the Union Pacific at Aurora, Ill.

Two men were killed and several seriously wounded. Mr. Hays says he was about to take his seat when the jolt came and he was thrown against a seat and received an ugly bruise on his forehead. He was unconscious for several moments and suffered considerably for several hours.

Mr. Hays was enroute home from a visit in north Alabama and Tennessee. Of course we are delighted that W. D. got out whole.

**A Great Revival.**

The revival will begin at the Christian church Friday evening, September 7th, 1906. The meetings will be conducted by C. F. Trimble, state evangelist, of Oklahoma. He will have with him Prof. O'Neal and wife of Springfield, Mo., who will have charge of the song service. Both are fine singers and come highly recommended.

Make ready for a great meeting for it is surely coming. 131d3

**Harrell Coming.**

Rev. T. B. Harrell of Mt. Vernon, Tex., wired D. W. Swaffar of the pulpit committee this morning that he would fill the pulpit at the Baptist church next Sunday, Aug. 26. Rev. Harrell is one of the strongest ministers in northeast Texas and there is no question but that all who hear him will be greatly benefitted. Do not forget to come out.

**Road Builders Busy.**

Newt Herron, who has charge of the road from a point two miles south of Ahlosa to the rock crossing on Boggy, together with about twenty-five men were making the dirt fly and "chug holers" disappear all day Wednesday. It is now imperative that the road between Boggy and Ada be put in shape. It ought to be done quickly too.

**Court News.**

Jim Ray was committed on two charges of larceny. The bond was fixed at \$1,000 and \$750 respectively. It is thought that he will be unable to make bond.

Jesse Bump, charged with embezzlement, was arrested by J. C. Chapman at Kattie last Tuesday. He is being tried this afternoon.

H. M. Williams and Henry Houston were arrested today, three miles south of Center, by T. E. Brents charged with larceny of \$400 worth of timber. Their case will come up tomorrow.

**Wanted.**

Boy about 12 or 13 years of age; one who is not going to school. 130-4t Apply at Telephone office.

**WANTED**—One or two unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. See Mrs. Lou Clark, at the Model Bakery. 128-3t

**FOR RENT**—A three-room house with good water and barn, corner of Fourteenth and Johnson. —Mrs. Julia Fleming. 1303t

**FOR RENT**—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Full Cream, highest patent flour, \$1.85 per hundred.—Jas. M. Walsh, phone 70. 129tf

Box of cigars given away every night this week at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129tf

The only exclusive cigar stand in town, the Smokehouse. Why not patronize it? 128 6td

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and country. 130d5w1

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

**The NICKEL STORE**

Where You Save Money on Everything.



We're off for some more To the Nickel Store, In a very great hurry are we; For the best sweets in the land Are the Red Band Brand, And we know where to get them you see.

Chocolates, Bon Bons and all of our Nice Fancy Candies, per lb . . . 12c

**Fine Crockery**

Colonial Gold Decorated Cups and Saucers, 10c each or 60c a set.



7 inch plates of the same ware, gold decorated, 60c set.

10 inch platters, gold decorated, 18c each.

7 inch oval meat and vegetable dishes, 18c each.

We sell everything in Ghina, Glassware, Tinware, Enamelware, etc.

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

**Stoneware**

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay. The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon.

We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap.

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price 10c, our price . . . . . 6c

Milk Pans or Crocks, 2 gallon, usual price 20c, our price . . . . . 12c

**Our Stationery Department**

This is, has been and will be one of the most successful in the store. We sell pens, ink, mucilage, glue, composition books, ledgers, journals, day books, tablets both for pencil and ink, ruled and unruled 5c.

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, school boxes and school supplies.

**Nickel Store.**

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

**S. M. Shaw, Prop**

New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

**Phone 77.**

**LOOK HERE!**

If you eat, you will be interested in knowing what to buy. Look over this list of delicacies and phone us your orders.

Cupid Relish . . . . . 25c

Campbell's Salad Dressing (the best) . . . . . 25c

Heinz Mandalay Sauce . . 30c

Heinz Worchester Sauce 35c

Heinz Olive Oil . . . . . 45c

Heinz Prepared Mustard 15c

Heinz Tomato Chutney 30c

Nice bottle Olives . . . . 10c

And many other things we can't mention today. We will appreciate your business

**Jones Bros.**

Successors to Jones & Meaders

**FURMAN & CROXTO**

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

**C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown**

**GALBRAITH & MCKEOWN**

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

**DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ**

OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

**DR. W. T. NOLEN**

—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store

Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

I have opened the

**Twelfth Street Meet Market**

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

**C. L. HICKEY.**

**Geo. A. Truitt,**

**Engineer and Land Surveyor**

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to All Work Entrusted.



Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

**C. J. Warren, Optician**



## PUBLIC SERVICE

Government Clerks and Their Duties—How to Obtain an Appointment.

By NATH'L C. FOWLER, Jr.

Author of "The Boy—How to Help Him Succeed," "Building Business," "Fowler's Cyclopedia of Publicity and Printing," "Practical Publicity," "Dollars and Sense," "Gumption," Etc.

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Every public office-holder, and every one who directly or indirectly devotes the whole or any part of his time to the work of the government, whether that government be of the nation, of the state, of the city, of the country town, or of the village, is a government worker, and a member of the public service.

Public service employees, commercially speaking, are those who work for the government as they would labor for a mercantile house, depending upon their salaries for a livelihood. Their number is legion, and they grade from the street cleaner to the president's private secretary.

By those unfamiliar in the premises, the government clerk, or other employee, is often supposed to enjoy what our boys designate as a "snap," and to be overpaid for his services. This impression is somewhat founded on fact, but there is more apparent than real reason for its prevalence. A few government employees have an easy time if one considers the small amount of clerical work which they do and their limited number of working hours. It is also true that there are a number of government clerks, but a much smaller percentage than is usually admitted, who could not actually earn the salary paid them, if they received but ten per cent. of their present wages.

But the government employee, as he runs, is not overpaid, and is much oftener underpaid, although the government pays more on an average for the service it receives than does the ordinary mercantile house. If the government did not pay a little more than is paid by business establishments, it could not obtain other than the lowest order of clerical work, because the government position offers the minimum of opportunity, notwithstanding the well-established and generally executed civil service rules under which the promotions are made, or are supposed to be made.

The work of the government employee is of the routine sort, with little variation, and it seldom gives opportunity for the exercise of any talent save the practice of faithfulness and accuracy. He is a part of a great machine, and only a part. As an individual, he is not indispensable, nor can he reach this condition. In most cases, another can take his place at a moment's notice. The machine of which he is a part is but a huge grind of rigid discipline, and the motion is everlastingly monotonous. Even if he does his best, he cannot expect to be much more than an insignificant factor, one of a great army of similar factors.

### Clerks Dissatisfied.

Conversation with a number of government employees, representing every department in public service, thoroughly convinces me that more than nine-tenths of our government clerks, who have held their positions for more than half a dozen years, regret that they entered the government's employ and that more than half of this nine-tenths would resign their positions if their experience were sufficient to give them fair opportunity of obtaining work in mercantile establishments.

The ordinary government employee, however, has on advantage over the clerk of commerce; for under the present civil service system he is likely to hold his position permanently. If he remains competent and faithful, he is reasonably certain of systematic promotion, but only up to a definitely defined point. Unfortunately, the higher salaried governmental positions, although nominally controlled by the accepted rules of promotion, are frequently manipulated by influence and subject to political pull, and their incumbents are not certain of their positions, as they are likely to be transferred or thrown out altogether.

The boy with ambition, competent to do more than clerical work, should keep away from the government service. The boy who is methodical, faithful, with some clerical capacity, and with little ambition, is, perhaps, better off in the employ of the government than he would be elsewhere. Once in the government employ, always in the government employ, is a rule with few exceptions; for the government gives a kind of non-transferable experience which, while it fits the boy to properly fill his governmental position, does not develop him along other lines. And, therefore, substantially every government employee, who has been with the government more than a dozen years, remains with the government as long as he lives. His training does not fit him to occupy many outside positions. This condition, to some extent, applies to all clerical workers; but the clerk of a mercantile house is better off if he loses his position than is the discharged government employee.

### Better Off at Start.

The reason so many boys enter the government employ is because they are financially gainers at the start, the initiative government salary being in excess of that paid by mercantile houses, and because the hours are easier, the work seldom wearing and the life free from the rush and worry of mercantile life.

Sufficient unto the day people are adapted to government positions.

There are people who care more about what they receive to-day than what they are likely to fit themselves to obtain to-morrow; who are better satisfied with certainty's little than with opportunity's much. The government-bred boy and man have grown up in an atmosphere which unfits them to live outside of governmental walls. They have been steeped in the policy of conventionality, at the sacrifice of their finer ambitions and qualities.

The government office is something of an asylum. It is seldom run upon business principles. The under-employee may overwork—at least, he does the bulk of the work, while the upper-employee, or head of a department, often underworks. The work is not balanced. It is not fairly divided. The majority of government employees are proficient in only one thing, and many of them are noted for doing the least possible work in a given time. The whole tendency is against the development of ambition or of the finer qualities, because rewards are few, none of the rewards have much value, and more than ordinary faithfulness is not recognized.

The objections I have presented do not apply to the heads of great departments, for these positions are often held by men of enormous capacity or of pronounced public spirit; but, unfortunately, most of these places are appointive, and are seldom filled by the risers from the government workers' ranks. Take the post office, for instance. Probably not one per cent. of the postmasters throughout the country have had any practical experience along the line of their work. They were appointed because they were good business men, or for political reasons, generally for the latter. Occasionally a head clerk becomes postmaster, but not often.

### Outside Business World.

The government employee is outside of the world of business. He does not come in contact with men, conditions and things, except in a limited way. True, he has less cause for anxiety, but this advantage is offset by the loss of much which appeals to the ambition of manhood.

Young man, if you are ambitious, and if you feel that you have more than ordinary capacity, I would advise you to keep away from the government service. Do not sell your life's chances for a few extra dollars at the beginning of your career. You have many years to live. The importance of what you do, to-day, is largely in what it represents of to-morrow's work. A small salary at the start, with opportunity for the future, is far better than a good salary at the start, with limited chance of promotion. The best that the government can give you, as a government employee, is not to be compared, from the point of view of fame or fortune, with what you may obtain in business or in profession.

If you prefer a small present with a prospective certainty, rather than the greater reward at reasonable risk, then by all means obtain a government position, and stay there for life. But if you have in you the stuff that ambition is made of, strike out for yourself, and begin by following the road where individuality has opportunity, and where ambition is limited to your capacity and is not under the standstill will of an automatic master—your government.

### Some Advantages.

The Hon. Edward A. Moseley, secretary of the interstate commerce commission, Washington, in a letter to the author, says:

"The principal advantage in entering the government service in Washington is the opportunity it gives a young man to obtain an education in almost any profession he may choose, as the sessions of our law, medical, dental and other colleges are made to conform to the departmental hours, so that a clerk may perform his duties and attend lectures, after office hours. Moreover, the great library of congress, the public library of the District of Columbia, and the many highly specialized libraries attached to the various departments of the government are accessible, and are rich fields for research on any subject. The debates in congress are an education in themselves, and in its halls may be heard, without any expense whatever, some of our greatest living orators. The young man who is fortunate enough to obtain a situation here can support himself while acquiring a profession, and this is done by a great many. Some of our most successful men have held clerical positions here.

"As to the disadvantages: When a young man secures a position here, which gives him much leisure time, owing to the comparatively short hours, the knowledge that he is secure from dismissal so long as he behaves himself and shows a disposition to perform his work rather tends to stifle ambition and to make of men naturally energetic mere machines, whose only hope is an advance in salary. The salary of the average government employee is inadequate to marriage and the support of a family,

and if the married clerk is stirred to ambition and desires to learn some profession he is very apt to find that all his earnings are swallowed up in the expense of maintaining his family and he has nothing left with which to buy books and pay for tuition. I should hate to have anyone belonging to me in the government service; the safety of the positions goes far toward deadening ambition and quieting desire for anything better."

### Free Field for All.

The Hon. George W. Hibbard, postmaster of Boston, in a letter to the author says:

"I would say on the side of encouraging efforts in this direction that there is a free field for all in securing entrance to government positions through the competitive merit system of the civil service law of our country. A certain satisfaction comes to the young man who enters a contest of this character and succeeds. His intellectual attainments, such as they may be, have stood the test of inquiry, and this step, if he will but take the lesson home to himself, will point out the way for future success in his chosen work. Competition will surround him in his many co-workers, and he must have the ambition, not only to do well, but to do better than others, if he would advance to the pay and responsibility of the higher grades in the service. Any intellectual equipment, apart from the faculties which the ordinary work of the day bring into play, will be an advantage to the ambitious and secure for him more speedy promotion.

Advancement is the handmaid of integrity and ambition, and the government employ may bring a sufficiency of success to those who desire to succeed.

On the other hand, while the government in its lower grades of employment secures to the beginner a larger recompense for the work performed than private business will afford him, there is more or less dead-levelism about the duties, and a person content with his lot will not attain to much honor or emolument. Such a person, perhaps, would not succeed in any business, and the question of success in employment largely resolves itself into one of personal application and ambition of the worker. Trade and business activities undoubtedly call forth the characteristics of industry and mental direction to a greater degree than the ordinary government position, and there is, therefore, a larger field for the development of the individual."

### GREAT CASE WEBSTER WON

Legal Victory Said to Have Been Most Gratifying of Any in His Career

Daniel Webster occupied the first place at the Massachusetts bar, although in his day many of his contemporaries were great lawyers. So much has been written of Mr. Webster, especially as relates to his service in the senate of the United States, that the younger generation is familiar with his life and what he accomplished. In the courts he was a distinguished figure and as counsel for plaintiff or defendant his name appears upon the dockets in many celebrated cases. It is said that the legal victory which gave him the most pleasure was in the action of John Sanborn against the administrator of the estate of Nathan Tufts. The latter, who was a tanner in Charlestown, left property valued at more than \$500,000, and in his will no mention is made of Sanborn, who had been employed by Tufts for more than 25 years, although it was understood that the latter had agreed to provide for Sanborn. A year after the death of Tufts Sanborn brought suit on a note for \$10,000 which he claimed Tufts had given him and also sought to enforce the provisions of the deed to a piece of realty said to be worth about \$10,000. Mr. Webster, who was associated with Rufus Choate as counsel for Sanborn, did not enter the case until a second trial, a verdict for the plaintiff at a previous trial having been set aside by the supreme court, which in its decision intimated, at least, that the instruments sued upon were forgeries—a point that was contended for by the defense. A second verdict for Sanborn, which was not disturbed by the supreme court, was very gratifying to Mr. Webster.—New England Magazine.

### His Story Was True.

"Here's a cup I got in Morocco," said the enthusiastic tourist, showing his collection of souvenirs; "you see, it is an Arabic inscription."

His friend was turning the cup curiously around. At length he remarked dryly:

"Yes, the inscription is Arabic all right."

"Sure!" replied the returned tourist, a little miffed at the intimation of a possible doct.

"You can read it better if you turn the cup upside down," suggested the friend; and suiting the action to the word, he showed the tourist that the mysterious characters were nothing more than "1903" engraved in rough, irregular figures on the metal.

"The rascal!" exclaimed the outraged collector; "he told me that it was an Arabic inscription when he sold it to me!"

"He told you nothing more than the truth," was the reply. "You forget that our numerals are Arabic."

But somehow from that moment the collector lost interest in the souvenir from Morocco.

Dago, as applied to an Italian, comes from Diego, a common name among the Spanish.

### IMPROVED POULTRY HOUSE.

One with a Scratching Shed Necessary, for Plenty of Room for Fowls Is Essential.

In order to have hens do well, they want commodious quarters. Especially is this true during the winter and, if they are prohibited running at large throughout the year. Owing to their love for that freedom which allows them to move about at will and work as they please, they soon get tired if confined in a small closed pen, and stand around and mope, as it were, until they became fat and lazy and lose their appetite, whereupon they are a detriment rather than a good, to the owner.

What they need is an open scratching shed, where they can exercise in the open air, going in and out as they wish. They will then be always ready to eat or work, and this, in turn, giving them health and strength, will enable them to lay a large number of good, fertile eggs.

Fortunately, it is not necessary to build an elaborate, costly structure to bring about these results. A simple scratching-shed house, like that shown in the accompanying illustration, will suffice just as well and, oftentimes, much better.

This affords the great advantage of having a "living room" adjoining the sleeping apartment, so that on sunny days a complete change of air and scene can be enjoyed by the fowls without exposing them to piercing or driving storms. It also permits of the ventilation being adapted to the weather and temperature conditions at the discretion of the owner.

When the imprisonment of the birds in a single apartment is taken into consideration, the importance of this is at once apparent, says Prairie Farmer, for if limited to one atmosphere and one temperature night and day, throughout the cold, stormy months of winter, they cannot help but become listless, debilitated and "out of condition," and what few eggs they do lay be incapable of hatching strong, robust chicks that will live and grow.

Best of all, however, by using, a house with a scratching-shed, as many again birds can be kept as compared with the closed pen. Hence, the cost of the scratching-shed does not add anything in the way of expense, as far as having buildings to accommodate a certain number of fowls is concerned.

On the other hand, there is everything to commend it—the better health of the birds, the greater production and higher fertility of their eggs, and, owing to the natural warmth from the bodies of so many of them, the elimination of supplying artificial heat in the roosting room at night. Moreover, by adopting the arrangement illustrated, it is possible to duplicate the construction and have a succession of closed rooms and open sheds, extending, if the ground is sufficiently level to allow it, almost any length desired.

The shed part should be 10x10 feet, the roosting room 10x8 feet. The sills, which should be laid at least a foot above the surface of the ground, may rest on stone or brick foundations, or posts set into the ground below the usual frost line; these "piers" should be located at a distance of about five feet from one another. For the sills, as well as plates, rafters and corner studs, 2x4 scantling will do; the intermediate studs may consist of 2x3 stuff. The studs, of course, want to be toenailed firmly to the sills, the plates to the studs and the rafters to the plates. The front studs should be 7½ feet long, and the rear ones 5 feet long. This will give a fairly good pitch to the roof, on which any first rate roofing may be used. The house, of course, should face toward the south.

After provisions have been made for the window and doors, as is suggested in the cut, the sides should be boarded up with good matched lumber. To prevent the fowls from wandering away and mixing with those of other pens, and also protecting them from birds and animals of prey, the front of the scratching-shed must be inclosed with wire netting; it is convenient to have one section of it made into a gate to open and let the birds out into the yard in front of the house.

In addition to the netting there should be a cloth curtain to close at night in winter, or on stormy or windy days, thus protecting the fowls from snow-storms and piercing winds. On clear days it should be lifted soon after sunrise and kept up until the sun gets low in the west, but if the weather is very cold it is better to raise it only for an hour or two during the middle of the day, and in case a storm or cold wind prevails, not at all. Such a curtain may be fastened at the top by nailing it in place with a strip of lath, and the lower edge held where wanted by means of hooks having screw eyes.

With the curtain fastened down at night, it is not necessary to close the door between the roosting room and scratching-shed unless the weather is severely cold, and unless it is way below zero, the small opening at the right of this door should never be closed. It will otherwise be warm enough—that is, if the walls are ceiled on the inside and the space between packed with straw or sawdust hay, as it should be. By opening the window in warm weather, and partly on very warm winter days, excellent ventilation at all seasons of the year can be obtained.

## Good Jokes

**Same Over Here.**  
Church—Women and young girls in Java carry heavy loads on their heads, balancing them with great skill. From the time a Javanese girl is able to walk she is taught the art of carrying things on her head.  
Gotham—Same way here, old man. The millinery stores will eloquently testify to that fact.—Yonkers Statesman.

### A DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.



Mr. Hoggshelmer—Here waiter; just take this chop back, it's not fit for a pig to eat.

Waiter—Ah, zen of course m'sieu will not 'ave eem!—Topeka State Journal.

**Sagacity.**  
She's to marry the rich Mr. Biddle. And he's a good catch, as you know; but she never will play second fiddle. For she knows how to handle her beau.—Cleveland Leader.

**Not Yet Hopeless.**  
Edith—I showed father one of your poems and he was delighted.

Egbert—Indeed!  
"Yes," he said it was so bad he thought you'd probably be able to earn a living at something else.—Cassell's Journal.

**As the Wheels Go Round.**  
"Queer thing, isn't it?" remarked the thoughtful thinker.  
"What's queer?" asked the other party to the dialogue.  
"That the second hand on a watch is in reality the third," explained the t. t.—Chicago Daily News.

**Value Received.**  
One more summer girl draws near. Whose father's ample cheeks Abundantly and with good cheer Are paid for tan and freckles.—Washington Star.

### HER THOUGHTS.



He—What are you thinking about, dear?  
She—Only, how nice, I would be to have a really handsome fire screen!—Topeka State Journal.

**Revised Version.**  
Hush a-bye, baby, he still and sleep. Your mamma has gone to her club; There she'll strive for a eucure prize. While papa must stay home and scrub.—Chicago Daily News.

**Helpful.**  
"What books have helped you most?" inquired the literary girl.  
"Well, answered the wholly mercenary author, "I must confess that I never succeeded in drawing royalties from any except my own."—Washington Star.

**In Society.**  
Ice Box—I hear you are entertaining a good deal lately.  
Thermometer—Yes, indeed! I'm giving everybody a hot time.—Detroit Free Press.

**His Reason.**  
"Scribbles, I like your poetry better than all the rest I know of."  
"Why, that's mighty nice of you. Pray, what—er—why—?"  
"Because nobody ever prints any of it, you know."—Cleveland Leader.

**Her Mannish Ways.**  
"Madge was an awful tom-boy when she was a girl."  
"Maybe that's why she's such a 'good fellow' now."—Detroit Free Press.

**Will Leave Her Alone.**  
"Miss Cutting says she is going to sleep out of doors all summer."  
"Why, the mosquitoes will eat her up!"  
"No, they won't—she's too sour."—Detroit Free Press.

**In Chicago.**  
"So charmed to meet with you again, I'm sure, Mrs. Jones."  
"Pardon me, but I haven't been Mrs. Jones for three husbands. I'm now Mrs. Jones-Hyphen-Stevens-Brown."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

**Polish.**  
"I must say that Josh's education has improved him," said Farmer Corn-tassel.  
"Did you ask him to help you on the farm like you said you would?"  
"Yes."  
"And he consented?"  
"No. But he was so polite in his way of refusal that I felt real flattered."—Washington Star.

**Sure of Her Consent.**  
She—You say you are going to marry me?  
He—Yes, dear.  
"But you're not sure that I'll marry you."  
"Oh, well, I'm going to telephone your father to-morrow. I guess he'll give his consent."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Like a Change.**  
Redd—You say he's got a new automobile?  
Greene—Yes; got it this week.

"Why, he hadn't had the other one very long?"  
"No; but you see he got tired of the smell of the old car."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Unfair Advantage.**  
The busy bee doth persevere. The ant toils on from day to day. If I, like them, loafed half the year, Perhaps I'd work as hard as they.—Washington Star.

### HADN'T DECIDED DEFINITELY.



Charlie—Are you a visitor down here?  
Violet—Oh, no, I'm one of the natives.

Jack—Indeed, then I think the town council ought to put you down on the list of the attractions of the place, with your photograph, don't you know.

**Calls for Investigation.**  
The novelists of true romance Their food will have to vary; To make the villain bite the dust Is quite unsanitary.—N. Y. Sun.

**Short Measure.**  
Diggs—It never occurred to me that Muggins was a midget until last night.  
Biggs—And how did it happen to occur to you then?  
Diggs—I overheard a woman say that he was every inch a gentleman.—Chicago Daily News.

**Even Break.**  
The Barber—Beg pardon, sir, but this is a bad quarter.  
The Victim—Oh, well, don't you care. It isn't any worse than the hair cut you gave me.—Chicago Daily News.

### QUITE AN ADVERTISEMENT.



Ella—When is your next birthday?  
Stella—O, sometime in 1908.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

**Sure Thing.**  
It's easier, I'm thinking. If one would hunt for trouble To do it when he's drinking For then he'll see it double.—Philadelphia Press.

**A Correction.**  
Mr. Stoptale—I believe I must say good-night.  
Miss Tersleep—Oh, don't! Why should you?  
Mr. Stoptale—Why, really—ah—it's getting rather late, isn't it?  
Miss Tersleep—Yes, altogether too late to say good-night. Say good-morning.—Cleveland Leader.

**A Frost.**  
"Did you get on well as an actor?"  
"Y-es—I got on well enough, I guess, but I couldn't get off half quick enough."—Cleveland Leader.



WEATHER FORECAST:  
Tomorrow: Showers.

# THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:  
At 8 p. m., 88 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1906

NUMBER 131

## HERE'S THE WAY THEY MANGLED THE MAP

Just cast your eyes over the map and you will observe the flagrant jerry-manders and rank discriminations against Democratic sections.

Nobody is particularly surprised. The districting was done by an all Republican commission under no material restrictions whatever.

The Ada country has not so great a grievance, perhaps, as some other sections; yet in the 600 square miles included in our district, No. 87, there reside not less than 20,000 people. This, notwithstanding the districting board estimated that each 13,000 of population was entitled to a delegate in the constitutional convention. It so happens that the Republican enumerators for the Ada district never reported but eight of the fifteen townships assigned them at the time of the Clayton meeting. Possibly this neglect, wilful or otherwise, accounts for a 20,000 strong Democratic community being compressed into one district.

Look at the Purcell district, No. 86, fifty-four miles long and most of the way only six miles wide. How's that for a shoe string? Obviously determined to make a Republican district of

it, they carved down the Canadian bottom for a hundred miles to corral all the negroes. They took away from us the Maxwell country up there, and that happens to be one of the townships never reported by the Republicans.

Well, we may be thankful such rank procedures will not last much longer. The republican carpet-bag rule is drawing to a close. Notwithstanding the territory north of the Canadian, though vastly smaller than the south side in both area and population, was given a majority of the districts, because it contains the thickest Republican population—still the board's labor will be lost. With all the board's cunning and travail there is sure to be a big Democratic majority in the territory and in the constitutional convention.

Old 87 is going to help build that majority too.

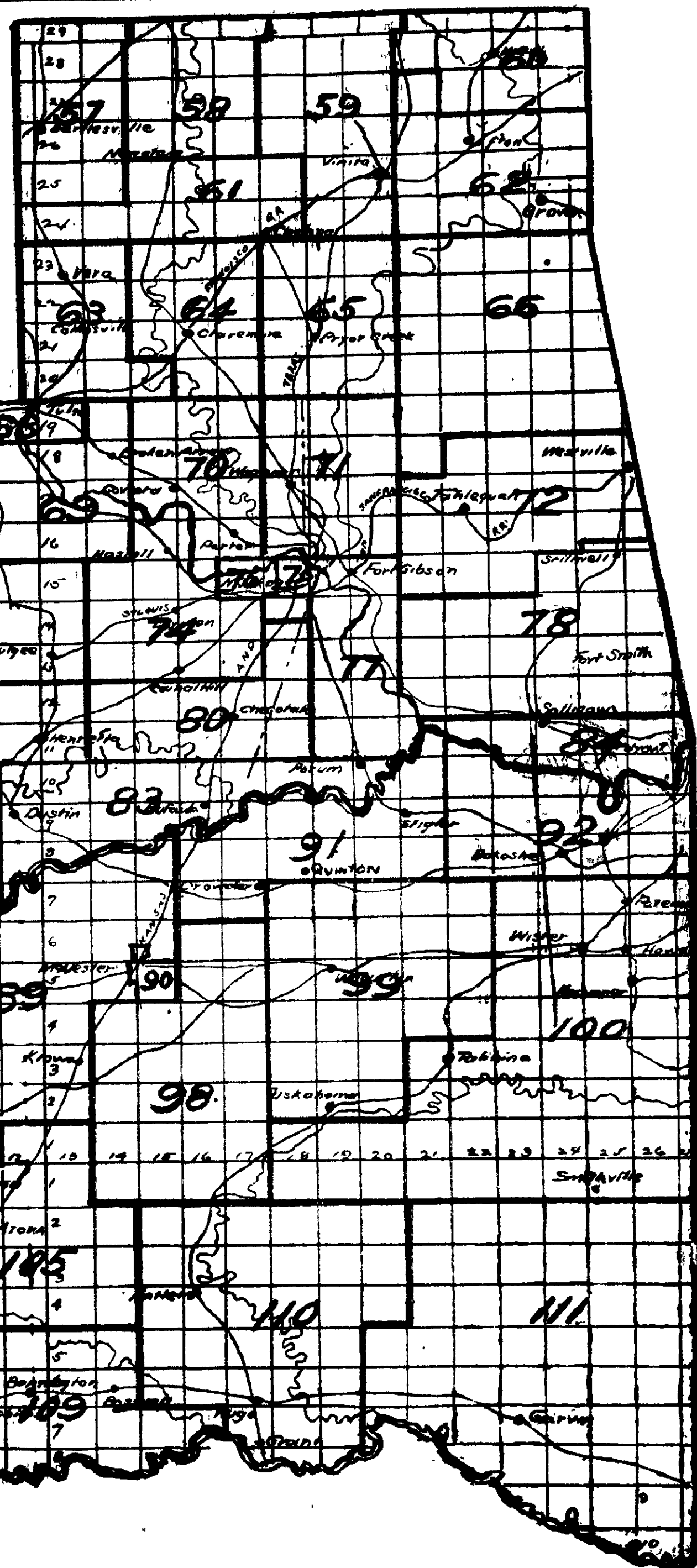
Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

Free smoking at the Smokehouse. Draw a box and smoke up. 128 6td

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf



## THE RANK GERRYMANDER OVER AT McALESTER

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 23.—The republicans are very much elated in this city over the publication of the districting map and the democrats believe that the committee went out of its way to perpetuate one of the most ridiculous and shameful gerrymanders in the history of gerrymandering. The work of the committee practically excludes all of the rural popula-

tion from this district and goes six miles out of its way in order to include with McAlester the coal towns.

Republican activity at Krebs and Alderson is now explained. It seems altogether probable that it was tipped off to them that the mining towns would be included in this district. The republicans have been holding big meetings in those towns for the past few days

and the courts have been unusually active in granting first instance naturalization papers, which in itself will involve a legal question of their holder's right to vote.

The work of the board has also called to mind the old threat of the coal men to control the Italian vote. It looks like all the miners will be bunched together and the miners it is said are more than evenly divided in their politics, the majority of them favoring the republican ticket.

There will probably be two republican districts in the Choctaw Nation and the district in which McAlester is located will contain more population than any other district in the territory. This is another fact that seems to have entered into the calculations of the republican

politicians in their work.

At present it seems that this district may be republican by a working majority of from 5,000 to 8,000. However the democrats are not discouraged and claim they have a fighting chance to carry it for the constitutional convention.

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shoat, also an organ for a pony. 120-24t w18-4t Lee Smith.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

Chance at box of cigars with each 10c spent at Smokehouse. 128 6td

## BOTH PARTIES FRAME UP AGAINST THE NEGRO

Muskogee, I. T., Aug. 23.—A mass meeting of 1,000 voters was held here last night at which it was decided that the business interests of Muskogee demanded the election of two non-partisan delegates to the constitutional convention.

There was no opposition to this plan when it came to a vote. P. B. Hopkins, republican, and C. N. Haskell, democrat, were unanimously endorsed for delegates. It is believed the influence of the business men of Muskogee will be sufficient to force both parties to accept these non-partisan delegates. Otherwise the candidates will run on an independent ticket. The attendance at the mass meeting was about evenly divided as to politics. The plan is one evolved to eliminate the negro from politics in the two Muskogee districts.



## ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff  
ROBERT NESTER  
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT  
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL  
MART WALSH  
JAMES D. GAAR  
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk  
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS  
W. S. (SAM) KERR  
H. WOODARD

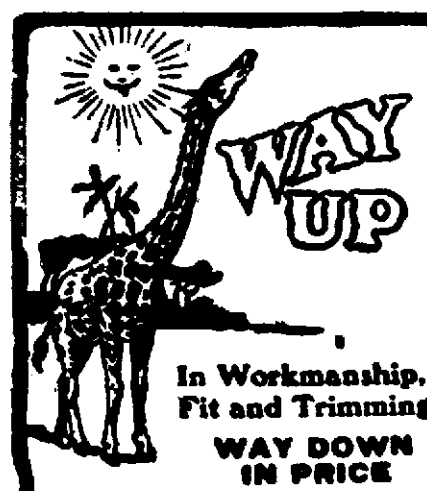
For County Treasurer  
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor  
C. C. HARGIS  
W. H. NETTLES

## NEWS ENTERPRISE.

The News delights at all times to do the very best for its patrons consistent with its means and patronage. Only a few papers over the territories are publishing a map showing the constitutional delegate districts just proclaimed by the board. It costs money. Those thus enterprising are almost exclusively the larger dailies. But the News, little as it is, is also enterprising; at considerable cost it has published the map in both the daily and weekly. Its readers are thus saved the sum of 25c each, which they might otherwise have spent for this map of so much interest to the people.

Nothing that is within reach is too good for the readers of The News—that's our motto.



I am making a big Slaughter

On Prices of the Chitwood stock of Goods. Also on Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Dyeing at Reasonable Prices. Ladies Skirts a Specialty. All work Guaranteed. Give me a call

**B. C. BERRY,**  
TAILOR  
Over Rollow's Store.

**MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,**  
TRAINED NURSE.

Kodawa Ind. Ter.  
Phone No. 33.

**ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.**  
is given up to the best. On  
Largest Agency Work  
of any plant in this Territory

**Reed & Harrison**  
Wholesale and Retail Buggies  
The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

## WHAT SHALL IT BE?

In case the people want to change the name of the town, what are some of the suggested names? Here are a few Chickasaw names we have heard. Chickma meaning "good" or the best. Manachaha, a high place or hill. Okalanwa, a place of much water, very appropriate if the reservoir is a go. Tomaha, a gathering place of the people. Those who would retain the identity of the present name would call it Indianada, Fairada, Missada and Adahaha. Others have suggested, Oxford, Nashville, Louisville, Hiawatha, Furman, Bryan, Folk, Democracy, Chickasaw, Frisco City, Katy, Gassville, Adamore, Moreada, Syracuse, Teddy, Sandy, Byrd, Minnehaha, Tomahawk, Hustle, Steel, Brevard, Cement, Cottonville, Fruitville, Strawberry, Etheopia, Carpetbagger, Scheister, Industry, Wyatt, Eastmain, Westmain, Statehood, Tammany, Hearst, Jerome and Hoodleta meaning "Hurry up."

## ABOUT VOTING.

Let it be understood that all persons in the town may vote in the name contest, but no person shall vote more than one time. Do not fail to fill out blank coupons in full signing your name always, and giving street address.

HAVE you voted?

J. P. Crawford is in Jessie today.

If you do not want the name changed vote it that way.

If you want to change the name of the town do not fail to vote.

## Gus Bobbitt for Sheriff.

Readers have noted in another column of the News the announcement of A. A. Bobbitt, known far and wide more familiarly as "Gus," for the office of sheriff of this county subject to the action of our democratic primary.

Though an Alabamian by birth, Mr. Bobbitt is distinctly of the sturdy western type. At the age of five he moved west, in 1867, and lived in Grayson county, Texas, until 1880. Since the latter year he has been a continuous resident of the Chickasaw Nation, for eleven years residing in the sixteenth recording district.

For four years he was a deputy marshal under a democratic administration, winning his spurs as an excellent officer, and scorned to place his name on the Republican role in order to hold the position longer. Grown up in the country, Gus Bobbitt is thoroughly conversant with its history and acquainted with its people—knows their virtues and their weaknesses. He possesses such tact, such courage, such horse sense, such a knowledge of the conditions, as most admirably qualify him for the high office of sheriff. Besides, he is a man of whom it may truthfully be said, you can always tell "where he is at."

A man of strong convictions and iron determination, such attributes as hypocrisy, insincerity, two-facedness are utterly foreign to his character. When Gus Bobbitt takes a stand, it is an emphatic stand and you hear from him.

Mr. Bobbitt lives at Oolite, eight miles south of Ada. With his admirable qualifications and his wide acquaintance and his unquestionable democracy, he will be a candidate to be reckoned with at the polls.

## Picnic at Bebee.

The Farmers Union of the Bebee vicinity are making merry at a picnic today. Quite a number of Ada boys are there enjoying their hospitality.

## Five Ears to the Stalk.

Robt. Ford brought to this office today two stalks of corn, one containing four and the other five ears. The corn was raised on his allotment near the mouth of Sandy. He says it came from a twenty acre field that will average 120 bushels to the acre.

## Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District: Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. Joe Mauldin, Defendant, No. 822

The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.

[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk; By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy; Galbraith and McKeown, Attorneys. Attorney for non-resident; W. C. Edwards.

# NEGRO TROOPS ARE TO BE TAKEN AWAY FROM TEXAS

Washington, Aug. 22.—The negro Federal troops have been ordered out of Texas. Instead of going to Ft. Ringold, which is about 100 miles up the Rio Grande from Ft. Brown, the battalion of the 25th infantry has been ordered to Fort Reno, Okla. This action is in accordance with the direction of the president, also, General J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff will make a thorough investigation of the whole Brownville affair and report to the president.

Fort Brown is to be abandoned, the company of the 26th infantry which was sent there today will not stay very long. Its duty is to pack up all the movable government property, which will be shipped to other posts when the troops will be ordered away. The investigation now under way will be continued by Major Blackson and the war department states that every one will find out the facts and the responsibility for the disturbances and that any soldier guilty will be punished.

## Endorse Bryan.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 23.—The democratic state convention yesterday adopted a resolution endorsing William J. Bryan for democratic President in 1908.

## RARE ORCHID AGAIN FOUND

Plant Long-Sought Has Been Rediscovered on Recent Thibet Expedition.

An orchid which for 50 years has baffled all the attempts of collectors to find its native haunts has been rediscovered. This orchid is the cyrtopodium Fairleanum, which is one of a random collection made in Assam in 1857, sent to London in the same year and bought by a Mr. Fairlie, of Liverpool, in whose possession it bloomed and was daily hailed and described to orchid literature as one of the most beautiful orchids hitherto known. Several other plants of the same orchid came with it, and the species was at once named Fairleanum, after Mr. Fairlie.

From the day of its first discovery, in spite of scores of expeditions and perilous journeys by collectors, not a single plant was found until some member of the Thibet expedition, a few months ago, discovered a whole bunch of the plants. He sent them along to Calcutta, whence two were dispatched to Kew, and others are gradually coming through to England.

"Probably another 50 years will elapse ere more Fairleanum are found," said a British specialist, "for no private collecting expedition is likely to venture into such a country. My own belief is that unless another military expedition traverses the same ground there will never again be a chance of getting plants."

The plant flowering at Kew has five growths and two flowers. The second plant, in developing five blooms. The flower has a slender, hairy scape about ten inches in height, a prominent and charming dorsal sepal, one and three-quarters inches in length by one and one-quarter inches in breadth, with a white ground beautifully veined with violet purple and with brownish green veins near the center and whitish hairs around the margins. The petals droop and have an upward curve at the tips; they are one and one-half inches in length, with a white ground streaked with purple and yellow. The upper margin of the petals is much undulating and covered with prominent purple hairs. The pouch is rather small, greenish-brown in color, veined with brownish red and covered with short hairs.

## How Insects Use Flowers.

It is astounding to think of the result of this mutual, and yet independent working. Every shade of color, from pale yellow to the richest blue, every peculiarity of form, from the flat shape of the buttercup to the intricate windings of the columbine; every degree of sweetness, from the insipidity of many flowers to the rich sugariness of the honeysuckle, and every kind of scent, from the foul odor which attracts vulgar flies to the most delicate perfumes that delight the bees, all have proceeded from this connector of insects with flowers.—*Outing Magazine.*

## Thrown Out.

"And you say you lost your position by the great earthquake in San Francisco?" inquired the kind lady. "Yes, mum," replied Frayed Franklyn. "What was your position?" "I was asleep in a barn at de time, mum."—*Midweek Sentinel.*

## PRECOCIOUS SENILITY.

Valuable Lives Snuffed Out in Youth and Middle Age by Disease of Age.

Precocious senility, when marked and rapid, is so rare as to be more academic interest, a pathologic curiosity, such as the recorded instance of children of six years dying with arteriosclerosis and other signs of extreme age, says American Medicine. Even the very uncommon, but a much larger number of milder cases have so long been noted as to have given rise to the axiom that a man is as old as his arteries. These cases deserve more thought than is given to them, not so much to discover cures as to prevent decay, and save to society so many valuable lives which are now snuffed out in the middle age by diseases of the senile. There has been much wild speculation on the subject, chiefly in lay journals, and due, no doubt, to some more or less sensational investigations of Metchnikoff on the causes of normal senility and the possibility of prolonging human life beyond the century mark. Yet it is a serious problem and we should know what is the stimulus which makes one organism go through all its life changes in 50 years, while another under apparently identical conditions lasts 80 years longer.

## COLD IS A MINOR FACTOR

In Pneumonia the Huddling Together of People Is More Important

Augustus Wadsworth declares that experience has shown cold to be a minor predisposing factor in the development of pneumonia. The huddling together of people in close quarters is of far more importance, says Medical Record.

The treatment of pneumonia in its present stage may be said to be either very easy or impossible. A careful prophylaxis against disturbances of the digestive tract is of the greatest importance. Many ways of attaining the same results present themselves and the choice in great measure rests with personal experience. The hope of definite results lies in the production of an efficient and specific antiseptic.

It is known that poisonous substances are elaborated by the pneumococcus, but so far the production of an antitoxin corresponding to that used in diphtheria has not been obtained. Pneumonia, however, is the bacteremic disease and as yet in none of this type have satisfactory results been secured in relation to antitoxin. The hope of success nevertheless is gradually growing brighter.

## RETAIN PRIMEVAL IDEAS.

Indians Are Not Free with Information to Agents of the Government.

Alexander Posey, the Creek clerk in the Dawes commission, who works for the government among the full-bloods, runs across some interesting characters among the Indians, some of whom live far from towns, speak their own language, seldom get out of their own neighborhood and still have faith in the treaties of the government with the Indians.

One of these is Artus Hotiya, who cannot speak English. The other day Mr. Posey went to Hotiya's place to get information concerning a child of Hotiya who had died. In reply to questions Hotiya answered:

"You crossed the Wewoka creek this morning? It is spring and the water runs; you see the green grass on the prairies; the grass still grows. Our people have agreed that so long as water runs and grass grows, we shall not have our lands divided nor our governments supplanted. I am not yet ready to give information."

This speech was made in Creek and represents the dignity and faith of the old class of Indians who still resent the government allotment of lands. When it was explained to him that all the information wanted was such as would make possible an allotment for his child, he replied:

"God has given her an allotment in the graveyard. She is dead. The allotment there is all that she is entitled to. A grave is all the allotment I am entitled to and all that God intended that should have. It is enough. The Great Father placed the Pacific on one side and the Atlantic on the other, and the land between he gave to the Indian."

"The white man came and he set corner stones and told the Indian that he must live between these. The Indian cannot live so. He is being stifled by the white man, who has disarmed him of his bow and arrow and driven from the forests the game. The end of the Indian is near, but I am not yet ready to contribute to hastening it."

## Pleasant for Him.

"I was so sorry to hear of your daughter eloping with young Badger—" "You needn't console with me," interrupted Henpeck. "I'm tickled to death." "But he's such an impertinent upstart." "Well, it'll be a positive joy to have some one in the family who can talk up to my wife."—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

# UNDER CANVAS

ONE NIGHT - ONE PERFORMANCE

You're Near the Best, Now See the BEST!

J. J. CONLEY Presents the New WESTERN DRAMA

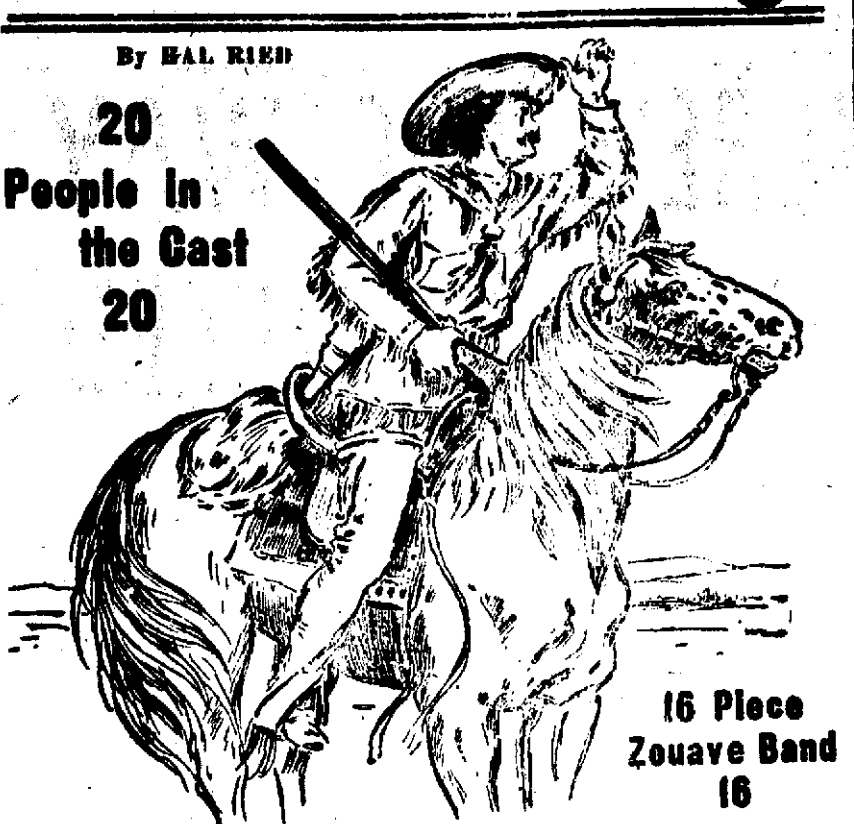
You're Coming! Why, of course!

## The Scout's Revenge

By HAL RICH

20 People in the Cast 20

16 Piece Zouave Band 16



Specialties Introduced Between Acts  
Parade at Noon Each Day  
A Free Concert at 7:00 o'clock  
Doors Open 7:30 o'clock  
Performance Begins 8:00

A Specially Constructed Canvas Theatre  
Absolutely Water-Proof

Elegant Costumes  
Lavish Effects  
A Carload of Scenery  
Lighted by Electricity  
Seated with Opera Chairs

ADA, THURSDAY, AUG. 23

**OTIS B. WEAVER**  
Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some very bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building. :: 12th and Broadway.

**Patronize Home Industry**  
By Buying Ice From  
**Ada Ice and Fuel Co.**  
Keep Your Money at Home.  
We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.  
Phone 249. Office at Ice Plant

**PAUL W. ALLEN.**  
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.  
Horses Boarded by Day or Week.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.  
**Allen Livery Barn**  
South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

**Money to Loan**  
On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.  
Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.  
**GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.**  
DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen)

**WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS**  
They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money. YOURS FOR PRESCRIPTIONS  
**W. T. NOLEN**



**THE SYSTEM PURIFIER**  
Drives Out That Billious, Lazy Feeling.  
Makes You Bright, Active and Cheerful.  
**CURES CONSTIPATION**  
SOLD AT DRUG STORES PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE



**A GOOD DOCTOR**



is a broad minded man, and one who has the interest of his patients at heart and does all in his power to care for his patients. The best doctors' skill and ability is of little consequence if his prescriptions are filled by incompetent druggists and with impure drugs. Our prescription department is the largest and most complete of any in the city and is composed of the purest drugs and chemicals and compounded by experienced druggists. Consequently the best results are obtained. We can fill any prescription written by any physician in the city. You do not need to take them elsewhere because they are written on other druggists' stationery.

**G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.**  
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

**LOANS**

On Dead Claims, Intermarried, Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

**Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices**

**ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.**

W. H. EBEY, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND. TER.

**A Full Line of**

**May Manton Bazar PATTERNS**

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

**Reed & Harrison**

**MASON DRUG COMPANY**

**Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand**

Clean, Pure, Uptodate Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

**OVERDRAFTS**

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

**Ada National Bank**

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500. Ada, Ind. Ter.

**COMING!**

**J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin**



**\$5,000.00 Challenge Band and Orchestra**

The only big one coming this way traveling in their own private cars. Will exhibit under waterproof tent seating 2,500. Rain or shine, at

**Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28**

**LOCAL NEWS**

Jno. Beard went to Madill today.

Smoke up at the smokehouse. 128 6td

W. H. Braley went to Francis today.

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

C. E. Davis went to Tishomingo today.

Buy Big A flour if you want the best. 131-St.

Ada Milling Co.

Gilbert, Everett and Jack Reed returned today from Lenard and other Texas points.

We sell flour and bran cheap. Try us and be convinced. 131-St.

Phone 66.

Price Big A flour before you buy if you want the best for less than you can buy inferior brands. 131-St.

Ada Milling Co.

Miss Ora and Virinda Yates, who have been the guests of the Misses Sims for the past month returned to their home in Paris.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

Mrs. H. M. Parvin, who has been attending the sick bed of her sister, Mrs. W. T. Cox, returned to her home in McKinney, Texas today.

For anything to eat or wear call on Jas. M. Walsh, one price, spot cash to all. 129tf

It's worth while to buy your cigars at the Smokehouse. A box free to customers every night. 128 6td

Miss Grace Boyle, who has been with the Oklahoma Central commissary people left today for Sulphur, at which place she has accepted a position.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

Mrs. W. T. Cox who has been very ill is improving.

Play a game of pool at the Smokehouse and get a box of cigars. 128 6td

Our business affairs have been permanently and satisfactorily arranged and we have resumed business. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 130d5w1

MASON DRUG CO.

Misses Mary Goff of Terrell, Texas, Leah Crain of Illinois and Neal Bowler of Okemah, are guests of Mrs. W. S. Thomson.

Best bran in town 80c per 100 pounds. Phone 66. 131-St.

Andrew K. Thornton is rapidly improving.

Judge J. M. Doss, who has been confined to his home on account of illness is reported no better today.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-tf

H. T. Young has purchased the Jno. P. McKinley property in Sunrise. Mr. Young will move in Sept. 1st. He comes to the city to take advantage of the public schools.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and county. 130d5w1

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" never grows old. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal language of the heart. It reflects like a prism the innermost phases of the human emotion. It is more than a play. It is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can enthuse the mind: human liberty and the immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by J. D. Chunn's colossal spectacular company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management doubtless believes in the maxim, "What's worth doing is worth doing well." They have brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first class entertainment. J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin company will exhibit at Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28.

**Do You Need Shoes?**

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children.

**CHAPMAN**

The Shoe Man.

**News' Name Election.**

**Official Ticket**

Should the Name of Ada be Changed? .....

Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer? .....

(Signature) .....

(Street Address) .....

**Program A. Y. M. B. S.**

Sunday, August 26, 1906. Services held at First Presbyterian church, promptly at 8 o'clock.

Song.

Opening prayer.

Roll call.

Lesson: Fourth chapter of Nehemiah. Leader, J. W. Beard.

General discussion. Leader, Orel Harper.

Prayer.

Song.

Rolls opened for new members.

Benediction.

Every man and boy will be most cordially welcomed. Every christian is especially urged to "line up" with this society.

**Ada Man in Wreck.**

W. D. Hays was on the Frisco Meteor Tuesday night bound for home when it collided with a freight while crossing the Union Pacific at Aurora, Ill.

Two men were killed and several seriously wounded. Mr. Hays says he was about to take his seat when the jolt came and he was thrown against a seat and received an ugly bruise on his forehead. He was unconscious for several moments and suffered considerably for several hours.

Mr. Hays was enroute home from a visit in north Alabama and Tennessee. Of course we are delighted that W. D. got out whole.

**A Great Revival.**

The revival will begin at the Christian church Friday evening, September 7th, 1906. The meetings will be conducted by C. F. Trimble, state evangelist, of Oklahoma. He will have with him Prof. O'Neal and wife of Springfield, Mo., who will have charge of the song service. Both are fine singers and come highly recommended.

Make ready for a great meeting for it is surely coming. 131d3

**Harrell Coming.**

Rev. T. B. Harrell of Mt. Vernon, Tex., wired D. W. Swaffar of the pulpit committee this morning that he would fill the pulpit at the Baptist church next Sunday, Aug. 26. Rev. Harrell is one of the strongest ministers in northeast Texas and there is no question but that all who hear him will be greatly benefited. Do not forget to come out.

**Road Builders Busy.**

Newt Herron, who has charge of the road from a point two miles south of Ahlosa to the rock crossing on Boggy, together with about twenty-five men were making the dirt fly and "chug holers" disappear all day Wednesday. It is now imperative that the road between Boggy and Ada be put in shape. It ought to be done quickly too.

**Court News.**

Jim Ray was committed on two charges of larceny. The bond was fixed at \$1,000 and \$750 respectively. It is thought that he will be unable to make bond.

Jesse Bump, charged with embezzlement, was arrested by J. C. Chapman at Kittie last Tuesday. He is being tried this afternoon.

H. M. Williams and Henry Houston were arrested today, three miles south of Center, by T. E. Brents charged with larceny of \$400 worth of timber. Their case will come up tomorrow.

**Wanted.**

Boy about 12 or 13 years of age; one who is not going to school. 130-4t

Apply at Telephone office.

**WANTED**—One or two unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. See Mrs. Lou Clark, at the Model Bakery. 123-3t

**For Rent**—A three-room house with good water and barn, corner of Fourteenth and Johnson.—Mrs. Julia Fleming. 1303t

**FOR RENT**—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Full Cream, highest patent flour, \$1.85 per hundred.—Jas. M. Walsh, phone 70. 129tf

Box of cigars given away every night this week at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129tf

The only exclusive cigar stand in town, the Smokehouse. Why not patronize it? 128 6td

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and country. 130d5w1

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

**LOOK HERE!**

If you eat, you will be interested in knowing what to buy. Look over this list of delicacies and phone us your orders.

Cupid Relish ..... 25c

Campbell's Salad Dressing (the best) ..... 25c

Heinz Mandalay Sauce ..... 30c

Heinz Worcester Sauce 35c

Heinz Olive Oil ..... 45c

Heinz Prepared Mustard 15c

Heinz Tomato Chutney 30c

Nice bottle Olives ..... 10c

And many other things we can't mention today. We will appreciate your business.

**Jones Bros.**

Successors to Jones & Meaders

**FURMAN & CROXTO**

**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW**

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

**C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown**

**GALBRAITH & McKEOWN**

**LAWYERS**

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

**DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ**

**OSTEOPATH**

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

**DR. W. T. NOLEN**

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON**

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store

Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

I have opened the

**Twelfth Street Meat Market**

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.


**C. L. HICKEY.**

**Geo. A. Truitt,**

**Engineer and Land Surveyor**

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to All Work Entrusted.



Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

**C. J. Warren, Optician**

**The NICKEL STORE**

Where You Save Money on Everything.



We're off for some more To the Nickel Store, In a very great hurry are we?

For the best sweets in the land Are the Red Band Brand, And we know where to get them you see.

Chocolates, Bon Bons and all of our Nice Fancy Candies, per lb. 12c

**Fine Crockery**

Colonial Gold Decorated Cup and Saucers, 10c each or 60c a set.



7 inch plates of the same ware, gold decorated, 60c set.

10 inch platters, gold decorated, 18c each.

7 inch oval meat and vegetable dishes, 18c each.

We sell everything in China, Glassware, Tinware, Enamelware, etc.

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

**Stoneware**

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay. The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon.

We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap.

Milk Pans or Crock, 1 gallon, usual price 10c, our price ..... 6c

Milk Pans or Crock, 2 gallon, usual price 20c, our price ..... 12c

**Our Stationery Department**

This is, has been and will be one of the most successful in the store. We sell pens, ink, mucilage, glue, composition books, ledgers, journals, day books, tablets both for pencil and ink, ruled and unruled 5c.

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, school boxes and school supplies.

**Nickel Store.**

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

**S. M. Shaw, Prop**

New location on Main street third door west of Rellow's corner.

Phone 77.



## PUBLIC SERVICE

Government Clerks and Their Duties—How to Obtain an Appointment.

By NATH'L C. FOWLER, JR.

Author of "The Boy-How to Help Him Succeed," "Building Business," "Fowler's Cyclopedia of Publicity and Printing," "Practical Publicity," "Dollars and Sense," "Crimption," Etc.

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Every public office-holder, and every one who directly or indirectly devotes the whole or any part of his time to the work of the government, whether that government be of the nation, of the state, of the city, of the country town, or of the village, is a government worker, and a member of the public service.

Public service employees, commercially speaking, are those who work for the government as they would labor for a mercantile house, depending upon their salaries for a livelihood. Their number is legion, and they grade from the street cleaner to the president's private secretary.

By those unfamiliar in the premises, the government clerk, or other employee, is often supposed to enjoy what our boys designate as a "snap," and to be overpaid for his services. This impression is somewhat founded on fact, but there is more apparent than real reason for its prevalence. A few government employees have an easy time if one considers the small amount of clerical work which they do and their limited number of working hours. It is also true that there are a number of government clerks, but a much smaller percentage than is usually admitted, who could not actually earn the salary paid them, if they received but ten per cent of their present wages.

But the government employee, as he runs, is not overpaid, and is much oftener underpaid, although the government pays more on an average for the service it receives than does the ordinary mercantile house. If the government did not pay a little more than is paid by business establishments, it could not obtain other than the lowest order of clerical work, because the government position offers the minimum of opportunity, notwithstanding the well-established and generally executed civil service rules under which the promotions are made, or are supposed to be made.

The work of the government employee is of the routine sort, with little variation, and it seldom gives opportunity for the exercise of any talent save the practice of faithfulness and accuracy. He is a part of a great machine, and only a part. As an individual, he is not indispensable, nor can he reach this condition. In most cases, another can take his place at a moment's notice. The machine of which he is a part is but a huge grind of rigid discipline, and the motion is everlastingly monotonous. Even if he does his best, he cannot expect to be much more than an insignificant factor, one of a great army of similar factors.

### Clerks Dissatisfied.

Conversation with a number of government employees, representing every department in public service, thoroughly convinces me that more than nine-tenths of our government clerks, who have held their positions for more than half a dozen years, regret that they entered the government employ and that more than half of this nine-tenths would resign their positions if their experience were sufficient to give them fair opportunity of obtaining work in mercantile establishments.

The ordinary government employee, however, has an advantage over the clerk of commerce, for under the present civil service system he is likely to hold his position permanently. If he remains competent and faithful he is reasonably certain of systematic promotion, but only up to a definitely defined point. Unfortunately, the higher salaried governmental positions, although nominally controlled by the accepted rules of promotion, are frequently manipulated by influence and subject to political pull, and their incumbents are not certain of their positions as they are likely to be transferred or thrown out altogether. The boy with ambition, competent to do more than clerical work should keep away from the government service. The boy who is methodical, faithful, with some clerical capacity, and with little ambition, is, perhaps, better off in the employ of the government than he would be elsewhere. Once in the government employ, always in the government employ, is a rule with few exceptions; for the government gives a kind of non-transferable experience which, while it fits the boy to properly fill his governmental position, does not develop him along other lines. And, therefore, substantially every government employee, who has been with the government more than a dozen years, remains with the government as long as he lives. His training does not fit him to occupy many outside positions. This condition, to some extent, applies to all clerical workers; but the clerk of a mercantile house is better off if he loses his position than is the discharged government employee.

### Better Off at Start.

The reason so many boys enter the government employ is because they are financially gainers at the start, the initiative government salary being in excess of that paid by mercantile houses, and because the hours are easier, the work seldom wearing and the life free from the rush and worry of mercantile life.

Efficient into-the-day people are adapted to government positions.

There are people who care more about what they receive to-day than what they are likely to fit themselves to obtain to-morrow; who are better satisfied with certainty's little than with opportunity's much. The government-bred boy and man have grown up in an atmosphere which unites them to live outside of governmental walls. They have been steeped in the policy of conventionality, at the sacrifice of their finer ambitions and qualities.

The government office is something of an asylum. It is seldom run upon business principles. The under-employee may overwork—at least, he does the bulk of the work, while the upper-employee, or head of a department, often underworks. The work is not balanced. It is not fairly divided. The majority of government employees are proficient in only one thing, and many of them are noted for doing the least possible work in a given time. The whole tendency is against the development of ambition or of the finer qualities, because rewards are few, none of the rewards have much value, and more than ordinary faithfulness is not recognized.

The objections I have presented do not apply to the heads of great departments, for these positions are often held by men of enormous capacity or of pronounced public spirit; but, unfortunately, most of these places are appointive, and are seldom filled by the risers from the government workers' ranks. Take the post office for instance. Probably not one per cent of the postmasters throughout the country have had any practical experience along the line of their work. They were appointed because they were good business men, or for political reasons, generally for the latter. Occasionally a head clerk becomes postmaster, but not often.

### Outside Business World.

The government employee is outside of the world of business. He does not come in contact with men, conditions and things, except in a limited way. True, he has less cause for anxiety, but this advantage is offset by the loss of much which appeals to the ambition of manhood.

Young man, if you are ambitious, and if you feel that you have more than ordinary capacity, I would advise you to keep away from the government service. Do not sell your life's chances for a few extra dollars at the beginning of your career. You have many years to live. The importance of what you do, to-day, is largely in what it represents of to-morrow's work. A small salary at the start, with opportunity for the future, is far better than a good salary at the start, with limited chance of promotion. The best that the government can give you, as a government employee, is not to be compared, from the point of view of fame or fortune, with what you may obtain in business or in profession.

If you prefer a small present with a prospective certainty, rather than the greater reward at reasonable risk, then by all means obtain a government position, and stay there for life. But if you have in you the stuff that ambition is made of, strike out for yourself, and begin by following the road where individuality has opportunity, and where ambition is limited to your capacity and is not under the standstill will of an automatic master—our government.

### Some Advantages.

The Hon. Edward A. Moseley, secretary of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, in a letter to the author, says:

The principal advantage in entering the government service in Washington is the opportunity it gives a young man to obtain an education in almost any profession he may choose, as the sessions of our law, medical, dental and other colleges are made to conform to the departmental hours, so that a clerk may perform his duties and attend lectures, after office hours. Moreover, the great library of congress, the public library of the District of Columbia, and the many highly specialized libraries attached to the various departments of the government are accessible, and are rich fields for research on any subject. The debates in congress are an education in themselves, and in its halls may be heard, without any expense whatever, some of our greatest living orators. The young man who is fortunate enough to obtain a situation here can support himself while acquiring a profession, and this is done by a great many. Some of our most successful men have held clerical positions here.

"As to the disadvantages: When a young man secures a position here, which gives him much leisure time, owing to the comparatively short hours, the knowledge that he is secure from dismissal so long as he behaves himself and shows a disposition to perform his work rather tends to stifle ambition and to make of men naturally energetic mere machines, whose only hope is an advance in salary. The salary of the average government employee is inadequate to marriage and the support of a family,

and if the married clerk is stirred to ambition and desires to learn some profession he is very apt to find that all his earnings are swallowed up in the expense of maintaining his family and he has nothing left with which to buy books and pay for tuition. I should hate to have anyone belonging to me in the government service; the safety of the positions goes far toward deadening ambition and quieting desire for anything better."

### Free Field for All.

The Hon. George W. Hibbard, postmaster of Boston, in a letter to the author says:

"I would say on the side of encouraging efforts in this direction that there is a free field for all in securing entrance to government positions through the competitive merit system of the civil service law of our country. A certain satisfaction comes to the young man who enters a contest of this character and succeeds. His intellectual attainments, such as they may be, have stood the test of inquiry, and this step, if he will but take the lesson home to himself, will point out the way for future success in his chosen work. Competition will surround him in his many co-workers, and he must have the ambition, not only to do well, but to do better than others, if he would advance to the pay and responsibility of the higher grades in the service. Any intellectual equipment, apart from the faculties which the ordinary work of the day bring into play, will be an advantage to the ambitious and secure for him more speedy promotion.

Advancement is the handmaid of integrity and ambition, and the government employ may bring a sufficiency of success to those who desire to succeed.

On the other hand, while the government in its lower grades of employment secures to the beginner a larger recompense for the work performed than private business will afford him, there is more or less dead levelism about the duties, and a person content with his lot will not attain to much honor or emolument. Such a person, perhaps, would not succeed in any business, and the question of success in employment largely resolves itself into one of personal application and ambition of the worker. Trade and business activities undoubtedly call forth the characteristics of industry and mental direction to a greater degree than the ordinary government position, and there is, therefore, a larger field for the development of the individual."

### GREAT CASE WEBSTER WON

Legal Victory Said to Have Been Most Gratifying of Any in His Career

Daniel Webster occupied the first place at the Massachusetts bar, although in his day many of his contemporaries were great lawyers. So much has been written of Mr. Webster, especially as relates to his service in the senate of the United States, that the younger generation is familiar with his life and what he accomplished. In the courts he was a distinguished figure and as counsel for plaintiff or defendant his name appears upon the dockets in many celebrated cases. It is said that the legal victory which gave him the most pleasure was in the action of John Sanborn against the administrator of the estate of Nathan Tufts. The latter, who was a tanner in Charlestown, left property valued at more than \$500,000, and in his will no mention is made of Sanborn, who had been employed by Tufts for more than 25 years, although it was understood that the latter had agreed to provide for Sanborn. A year after the death of Tufts Sanborn brought suit on a note for \$10,000 which he claimed Tufts had given him and also sought to enforce the provisions of the deed to a piece of realty said to be worth about \$10,000. Mr. Webster, who was associated with Rufus Choate as counsel for Sanborn, did not enter the case until a second trial, a verdict for the plaintiff at a previous trial having been set aside by the supreme court, which in its decision intimated, at least, that the instruments sued upon were forgeries—a point that was contended for by the defense. A second verdict for Sanborn, which was not disturbed by the supreme court, was very gratifying to Mr. Webster.—New England Magazine.

### His Story Was True.

"Here's a cup I got in Morocco," said the enthusiastic tourist, showing his collection of souvenirs; "you see, it is an Arabic inscription."

His friend was turning the cup curiously around. At length he remarked dryly:

"Yes, the inscription is Arabic all right."

"Sure!" replied the returned tourist, a little miffed at the intimation of a possible doct.

"You can read it better if you turn the cup upside down," suggested the friend; and sulking the action to the word, he showed the tourist that the mysterious characters were nothing more than "1903" engraved in rough, irregular figures on the metal.

"The racial!" exclaimed the outraged collector; "he told me that it was an Arabic inscription when he sold it to me!"

"He told you nothing more than the truth," was the reply. "You forget that our numerals are Arabic."

But somehow from that moment the collector lost interest in the souvenir from Morocco.

Dago, as applied to an Italian, comes from Diego, a common name among the Spanish.

### IMPROVED POULTRY HOUSE.

One with a Scratching Shed Necessary, for Plenty of Room for Fowls Is Essential.

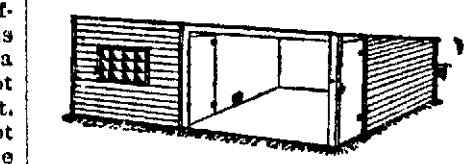
In order to have hens do well, they want commodious quarters. Especially is this true during the winter and, if they are prohibited running at large throughout the year. Owing to their love for that freedom which allows them to move about at will and work as they please, they soon get tired if confined in a small closed pen, and stand around and mope, as it were, until they became fat and lazy and lose their appetite, whereupon they are a detriment rather than a good, to the owner.

What they need is an open scratching shed, where they can exercise in the open air, going in and out as they wish. They will then be always ready to eat or work, and this, in turn, giving them health and strength, will enable them to lay a large number of good, fertile eggs.

Fortunately, it is not necessary to build an elaborate, costly structure to bring about these results. A simple scratching-shed house, like that shown in the accompanying illustration, will suffice just as well and, oftentimes, much better.

This affords the great advantage of having a "living room" adjoining the sleeping apartment, so that on sunny days a complete change of air and scene can be enjoyed by the fowls without exposing them to piercing or driving storms. It also permits of the ventilation being adapted to the weather and temperature conditions at the discretion of the owner.

When the imprisonment of the birds in a single apartment is taken into consideration, the importance of this is at once apparent, says Prairie Farmer, for if limited to one atmosphere and one temperature night and day, throughout the cold, stormy months of winter, they cannot help but be-



POULTRY HOUSE WITH SCRATCHING SHED.

come listless, debilitated and "out of condition," and what few eggs they do lay be incapable of hatching strong, robust chicks that will live and grow.

Best of all, however, by using a house with a scratching-shed, as many again birds can be kept as compared with the closed pen. Hence, the cost of the scratching-shed does not add anything in the way of expense, as far as having buildings to accommodate a certain number of fowls is concerned. On the other hand, there is everything to commend it—the better health of the birds, the greater production and higher fertility of their eggs, and, owing to the natural warmth from the bodies of so many of them, the elimination of supplying artificial heat in the roosting room at night. Moreover, by adopting the arrangement illustrated, it is possible to duplicate the construction and have a succession of closed rooms and open sheds, extending, if the ground is sufficiently level to allow it, almost any length desired.

The shed part should be 10x10 feet, the roosting room 10x8 feet. The sills, which should be laid at least a foot above the surface of the ground, may rest on stone or brick foundations, or posts set into the ground below the usual frost line; these "piers" should be located at a distance of about five feet from one another. For the sills, as well as plates, rafters and corner studs, 2x4 scantling will do; the intermediate studs may consist of 2x3 stuff. The studs, of course, want to be toenailed firmly to the sills, the plates to the studs and the rafters to the plates. The front studs should be 7½ feet long, and the rear ones 5 feet long. This will give a fairly good pitch to the roof, on which any first rate roofing may be used. The house, of course, should face toward the south.

After provisions have been made for the window and doors, as is suggested in the cut, the sides should be boarded up with good matched lumber. To prevent the fowls from wandering away and mixing with those of other pens, and also protecting them from birds and animals of prey, the front of the scratching-shed must be enclosed with wire netting; it is convenient to have one section of it made into a gate to open and let the birds out into the yard in front of the house.

In addition to the netting there should be a cloth curtain to close at night in winter, or on stormy or windy days, thus protecting the fowls from snow-storms and piercing winds. On clear days it should be lifted soon after sunrise and kept up until the sun gets low in the west, but if the weather is very cold it is better to raise it only for an hour or two during the middle of the day, and in case a storm or cold wind prevails, not at all. Such a curtain may be fastened at the top by nailing it in place with a strip of lath, and the lower edge held where wanted by means of hooks having screw eyes.

With the curtain fastened down at night, it is not necessary to close the door between the roosting room and scratching-shed unless the weather is severely cold, and unless it is way below zero, the small opening at the right of this door should never be closed. It will otherwise be warm enough—that is, if the walls are celled on the inside and the space between packed with straw or sawdust hay, as it should be. By opening the window in warm weather, and partly on very warm winter days, excellent ventilation at all seasons of the year can be obtained.

## Good Jokes

**Same Over Here.**  
Church—Women and young girls in Java carry heavy loads on their heads, balancing them with great skill. From the time a Javanese girl is able to walk she is taught the art of carrying things on her head.

**Gotham—Same way here, old man.**  
The millinery stores will eloquently testify to that fact.—Yonkers Statesman.

### A DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.



Mr. Hoggensheimer—Here waiter; just take this chop back, it's not fit for a pig to eat.

Waiter—Ah, zen of course m'sieu will not 'ave eem!—Topeka State Journal.

**Sagacity.**  
She's to marry the rich Mr. Biddle. And he's a good catch, as you know; but she never will play second fiddle. For she knows how to handle her beau.—Cleveland Leader.

**Not Yet Hopeless.**  
Edith—I showed father one of your poems and he was delighted.  
Egbert—Indeed!  
"Yes," he said it was so bad he thought you'd probably be able to earn a living at something else.—Cassell's Journal.

**As the Wheels Go Round.**  
"Queer thing, isn't it?" remarked the thoughtful thinker.  
"What's queer?" asked the other party to the dialogue.  
"That the second hand on a watch is in reality the third," explained the t. t.—Chicago Daily News.

**Value Received.**  
Once more the summer girl draws near. Whose father's ample shekels Abundantly and with good cheer Are paid for tan and freckles.—Washington Star.

### HER THOUGHTS.



He—What are you thinking about, dear?  
She—Only, how nice, I would be to have a really handsome fire screen!—Topeka State Journal.

**Revised Version.**  
Hush a-bye, baby, lie still and sleep. Your mamma has gone to her club; There she'll strive for a euclye prize. While papa must stay home and scrub.—Chicago Daily News

**Helpful.**  
Inquired the literary girl.  
"Well, answered the wholly mercenary author, "I must confess that I never succeeded in drawing royalties from any except my own."—Washington Star.

**In Society.**  
Ice Box—I hear you are entertaining a good deal lately.  
Thermometer—Yes, indeed! I'm giving everybody a hot time.—Detroit Free Press.

**His Reason.**  
"Scribbles, I like your poetry better than all the rest I know of."  
"Why, that's mighty nice of you. Pray, what—er—why?"  
"Because nobody ever prints any of it, you know."—Cleveland Leader.

**Her Mannish Ways.**  
"Midge was an awful tom-boy when she was a girl."  
"Maybe that's why she's such a 'good fellow' now."—Detroit Free Press.

**Will Leave Her Alone.**  
"Miss Cutting says she is going to sleep out of doors all summer."  
"Why, the mosquitoes will eat her up!"  
"No, they won't—she's too sour."—Detroit Free Press.

**In Chicago.**  
"So charmed to meet with you again, I'm sure, Mrs. Jones."  
"Pardon me, but I haven't been Mrs. Jones for three husbands. I'm now Mrs. Jones-Hyphen-Stevens-Brown."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

**Follish.**  
"I must say that Josh's education has improved him," said Farmer Corn-tassel.  
"Did you ask him to help you on the farm like you said you would?"  
"Yes."  
"And he consented?"  
"No. But he was so polite in his way of refusal that I felt real flattered."—Washington Star.

**Sure of Her Consent.**  
She—You say you are going to marry me?  
He—Yes, dear.  
"But you're not sure that I'll marry you."  
"Oh, well, I'm going to telephone your father to-morrow. I guess he'll give his consent."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Like a Change.**  
Redd—You say he's got a new automobile?  
Greene—Yes; got it this week.  
"Why, he hadn't had the other one very long?"  
"No; but you see he got tired of the smell of the old car."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Unfair Advantage.**  
The busy bee doth persevere. The ant toils on from day to day. If I, like them, loafed half the year, Perhaps I'd work as hard as they.—Washington Star.

### HADN'T DECIDED DEFINITELY.



Charlie—Are you a visitor down here?  
Violet—Oh, no, I'm one of the natives.  
Jack—Indeed, then I think the town council ought to put you down on the list of the attractions of the place, with your photograph, don't you know.

**Calls for Investigation.**  
This novelist of true romance Their food will have to vary; To make the villain bite the dust Is quite unsanitary.—N. Y. Sun.

**Short Measure.**  
Diggs—I never occurred to me that Muggins was a midget until last night.  
Biggs—And how did it happen to occur to you then?  
Diggs—I overheard a woman say that he was every inch a gentleman.—Chicago Daily News.

**Even Break.**  
The Barber—Beg pardon, sir, but this is a bad quarter.  
The Victim—Oh, well, don't you care. It isn't any worse than the hair cut you gave me.—Chicago Daily News.

### QUITE AN ADVERTISEMENT.



Ella—When is your next birthday?  
Stella—O, sometime in 1908.—Rocheater Democrat and Chronicle.

**Sure Thing.**  
It's easier, I'm thinking, If one would hunt for trouble To do it when he's drinking. For then he'll see it double.—Philadelphia Press.

**A Correction.**  
Mr. Stople—I believe I must say good-night.  
Miss Tersleep—Oh, don't! Why should you?  
Mr. Stople—Why, really—ah—it's getting rather late, isn't it?  
Miss Tersleep—Yes, altogether too late to any good-night. Say good-morning.—Cleveland Leader.

**A Frost.**  
"Did you get on well as an actor?"  
"Yes—I got on well enough, I guess, but I couldn't get off half quick enough."—Cleveland Leader.



# WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

# THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

# TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 8 p. m., 86 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1906

NUMBER 131

## HERE'S THE WAY THEY MANGLED THE MAP

Just cast your eyes over the map and you will observe the flagrant jerry-manders and rank discriminations against Democratic sections.

Nobody is particularly surprised. The districting was done by an all Republican commission under no material restrictions whatever.

The Ada country has not so great a grievance, perhaps, as some other sections; yet in the 600 square miles included in our district, No. 87, there reside not less than 20,000 people. Thus, notwithstanding the districting board estimated that each 13,000 of population was entitled to a delegate in the constitutional convention. It so happens that the Republican enumerators for the Ada district never reported but eight of the fifteen townships assigned them at the time of the Clayton meeting. Possibly this neglect, wilful or otherwise, accounts for a 20,000 strong Democratic community being compressed into one district.

Look at the Purcell district, No. 86, fifty-four miles long and most of the way only six miles wide. How's that for a shoe string? Obviously determined to make a Republican district of

it, they carved down the Canadian bottom for a hundred miles to corral all the negroes. They took away from us the Maxwell country up there, and that happens to be one of the townships never reported by the Republicans.

Well, we may be thankful such rank proceedings will not last much longer. The Republican carpet-bag rule is drawing to a close. Notwithstanding the territory north of the Canadian, though vastly smaller than the south side in both area and population, was given a majority of the districts, because it contains the thickest Republican population—still the board's labor will be lost. With all the board's cunning and travail there is sure to be a big Democratic majority in the territory and in the constitutional convention.

Old 87 is going to help build that majority too.

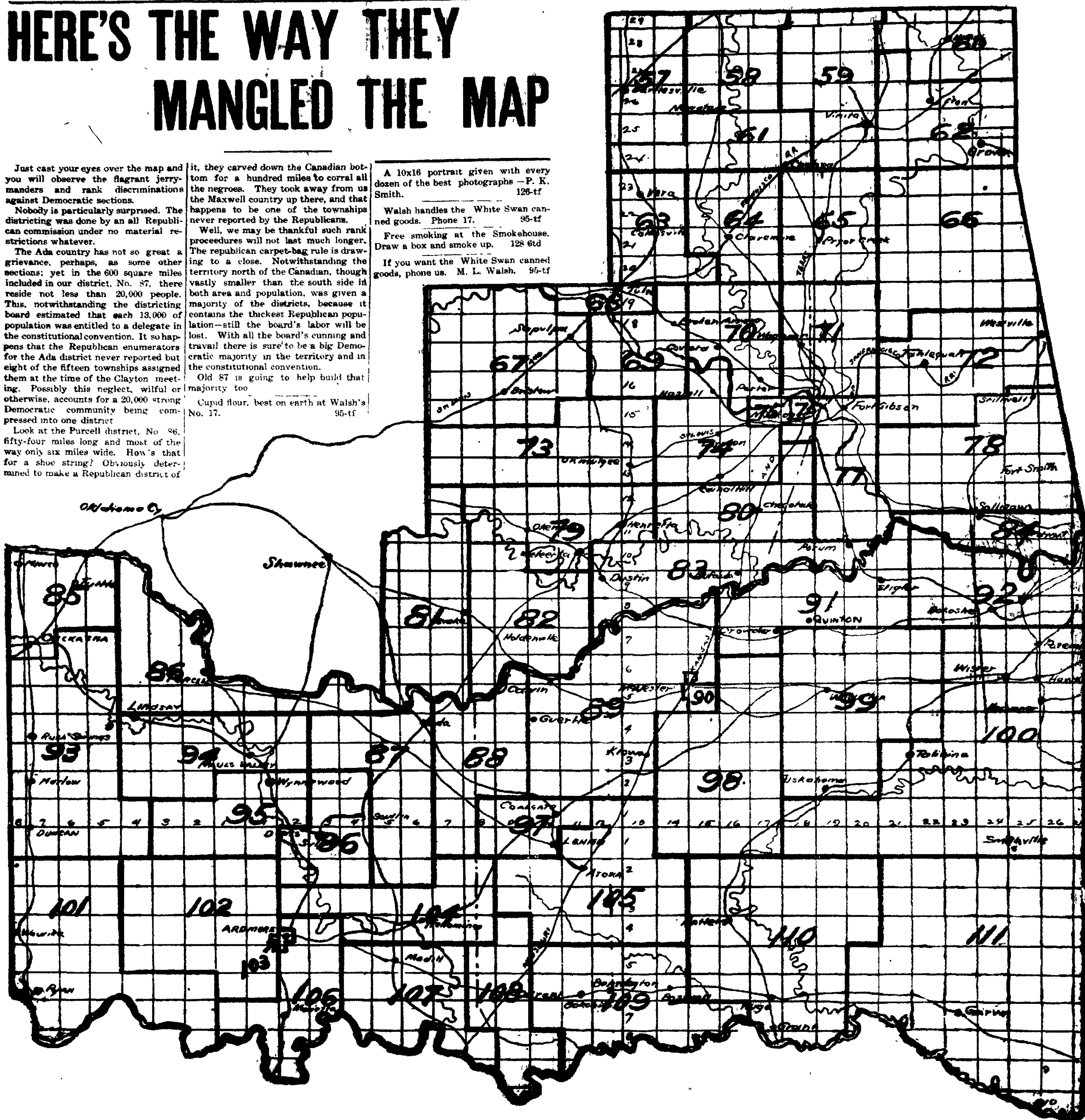
Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs—P. K. Smith. 126-17

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-17

Free smoking at the Smokehouse. Draw a box and smoke up. 128-6td

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-17



## THE RANK GERRYMANDER OVER AT M'ALESTER

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 23.—The republicans are very much elated in this city over the publication of the districting map and the democrats believe that the committee went out of its way to perpetuate one of the most ridiculous and shameful gerrymanders in the history of gerrymandering.

The work of the committee practically excludes all of the rural population from this district and goes six miles out of its way in order to include with McAlester the coal towns. Republican activity at Krebs and Alderson is now explained. It seems altogether probable that it was tipped off to them that the mining towns would be included in this district. The republicans have been holding big meetings in these towns for the past few days

and the courts have been unusually active in granting first instance naturalization papers, which in itself will involve a legal question of their holder's right to vote.

The work of the board has also called to mind the old threat of the coal men to control the Italian vote. It looks like all the miners will be bunched together and the miners it is said are more than evenly divided in their politics, the majority of them favoring the republican ticket.

There will probably be two republican districts in the Choctaw Nation and the district in which McAlester is located will contain more population than any other district in the territory. This is another fact that seems to have entered into the calculations of the republican

politicians in their work.

At present it seems that this district may be republican by a working majority of from 5,000 to 8,000. However the democrats are not discouraged and claim they have a fighting chance to carry it for the constitutional convention.

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shirt, also an organ for a pony. 120-24t w18-4t

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-17.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-17

Chance at box of cigars with each 10c spent at Smokehouse. 128-6td

## BOTH PARTIES FRAME UP AGAINST THE NEGRO

Muskogee, I. T., Aug. 23.—A mass meeting of 1,000 voters was held here last night at which it was decided that the business interests of Muskogee demanded the election of two non-partisan delegates to the constitutional convention.

There was no opposition to this plan when it came to a vote. P. B. Hopkins, republican, and C. N. Haskell, democrat, were unanimously endorsed for delegates. It is believed the influence of the business men of Muskogee will be sufficient to force both parties to endorse these nominations. Otherwise the candidates will run on an independent ticket. The attendance at the mass meeting was about evenly divided as to politics. The plan is one evolved to eliminate the negro from politics in the two Muskogee districts.



OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER  
H. D. STINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Second-class mail matter, March 25, 1906, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff  
ROBERT NESTER  
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT  
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL  
MART WALSH  
JAMES D. GAAR  
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk  
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS  
W. S. (SAM) KERR  
H. WOODARD

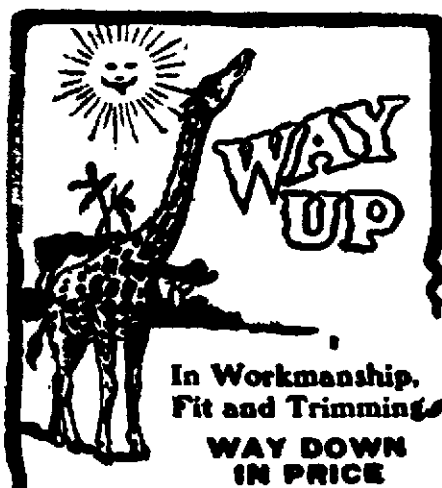
For County Treasurer  
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor  
C. C. HARGIS  
W. H. NETTLES

## NEWS ENTERPRISE.

The News delights at all times to do the very best for its patrons consistent with its means and patronage. Only a few papers over the territories are publishing a map showing the constitutional delegate districts just proclaimed by the board. It costs money. Those thus enterprising are almost exclusively the larger dailies. But the News, little as it is, is also enterprising; at considerable cost it has published the map in both the daily and weekly. Its readers are thus saved the sum of 25c each, which they might otherwise have spent for this map of so much interest to the people.

Nothing that is within reach is too good for the readers of The News—that's our motto.



I am making a big Slaughter

On Prices of the Chitwood stock of Goods. I also do Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Dyeing at Reasonable Prices. Ladies Shirts a Specialty. All work Guaranteed. Give me a call.

**B. C. BERRY,**  
TAILOR  
Over Rollow's Store.

**MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,**  
TRAINED NURSE.  
Kosawa Ind. Ter  
Phone No. 33.

**ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.**  
is given up to be best On  
Largest Agency Work  
of any plant in this Territory

**Reed & Harrison**  
Wholesale and Retail Buggies  
The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices



## WHAT SHALL IT BE?

In case the people want to change the name of the town what do you do of the suggested names? Here are a few Chickasaw names we have heard. Chickma meaning "good" or the best. Manachaha, a high place or hill. Okalanwa, a place of much water, very appropriate if the reservoir is a go. Tomaha, a gathering place of the people. Those who would retain the identity of the present name would call it Indianada, Fairada, Missada and Adahaha. Others have suggested, Oxford, Nashville, Louisville, Hiawatha, Furman, Bryan, Folk, Democracy, Chickasaw, Frisco City, Katy, Gassville, Adamore, Moreada, Syracuse, Teddy, Sandy, Byrd, Minnehaha, Tomahawk, Hustle, Steel, Brevard, Cement, Cottonville, Fruitville, Strawberry, Ethelopia, Carpetbagger, Scheister, Industry, Wyatt, Eastmain, Westminster, Statehood, Tammany, Hearst, Jerome and Hoodletta meaning "Hurry up."

## ABOUT VOTING.

Let it be understood that all persons in the town may vote in the name contest, but no person shall vote more than one time. Do not fail to fill out blank coupons in full signing your name always, and giving street address.

HAVE you voted?

J. P. Crawford is in Jessie today.

If you do not want the name changed vote it that way.

If you want to change the name of the town do not fail to vote.

Gus Bobbitt for Sheriff.

Readers have noted in another column of the News the announcement of A. A. Bobbitt, known far and wide more familiarly as "Gus," for the office of sheriff of this county subject to the action of our democratic primary.

Though an Alabamian by birth, Mr. Bobbitt is distinctly of the sturdy western type. At the age of five he moved west, in 1867, and lived in Grayson county, Texas, until 1880. Since the latter year he has been a continuous resident of the Chickasaw Nation, for eleven years residing in the sixteenth recording district.

For four years he was a deputy marshal under a democratic administration, winning his spurs as an excellent officer, and scorned to place his name on the Republican role in order to hold the position longer. Grown up in the country, Gus Bobbitt is thoroughly conversant with its history and acquainted with its people—knows their virtues and their weaknesses. He possesses such tact, such courage, such horse sense, such a knowledge of the conditions, as most admirably qualify him for the high office of sheriff. Besides, he is a man of whom it may truthfully be said, you can always tell "where he is at."

A man of strong convictions and iron determination, such attributes as hypocrisy, insincerity, two-facedness are utterly foreign to his character. When Gus Bobbitt takes a stand, it is an emphatic stand and you hear from him.

Mr. Bobbitt lives at Oolite, eight miles south of Ada. With his admirable qualifications and his wide acquaintance and his unquestionable democracy, he will be a candidate to be reckoned with at the polls.

## Picnic at Bebee.

The Farmers Union of the Bebee vicinity are making merry at a picnic today. Quite a number of Ada boys are there enjoying their hospitality.

## Five Ears to the Stalk.

Robt. Ford brought to this office today two stalks of corn, one containing four and the other five ears. The corn was raised on his allotment near the mouth of Sandy. He says it came from a twenty-acre field that will average 120 bushels to the acre.

## Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District:  
Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. No. 822  
Joe Mauldin, Defendant.

The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.

[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.  
By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy.  
Galbraith and McKeown, Attorneys,  
Attorney for non-resident; W. C. Edwards.

# NEGRO TROOPS ARE TO BE TAKEN AWAY FROM TEXAS

Washington, Aug. 22.—The negro Federal troops have been ordered out of Texas. Instead of going to Ft. Ringgold, which is about 100 miles up the Rio Grande from Ft. Brown, the battalion of the 25th Infantry has been ordered to Fort Reno, Okla. This action is in accordance with the direction of the president, also, General J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff will make a thorough investigation of the whole Brownville affair and report to the president.

Fort Brown is to be abandoned, the company of the 28th Infantry which was sent there today will not stay very long. Its duty is to pack up all the movable government property, which will be shipped to other posts when the troops will be ordered away. The investigation now under way will be continued by Major Blackson and the war department states that every one will find out the facts and the responsibility for the disturbances and that any soldier guilty will be punished.

## Endorse Bryan.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 23.—The democratic state convention yesterday adopted a resolution endorsing William J. Bryan for democratic President in 1908.

## RARE ORCHID AGAIN FOUND

Plant Long-Sought Has Been Rediscovered on Recent Thibet Expedition

An orchid which for 50 years has baffled all the attempts of collectors to find its native haunts has been rediscovered. This orchid is the cypripedium Fairleanum, which is one of a random collection made in Assam in 1857, sent to London in the same year and bought by a Mr. Fairlie, of Laverpool, in whose possession it bloomed and was daily hailed and described in orchid literature as one of the most beautiful orchids in the world. Several other plants of the same orchid came with it, and the species was at once named Fairleanum, after Mr. Fairlie.

From the day of its first discovery in spite of scores of expeditions and perilous journeys by collectors, not a single plant was found until some member of the Thibet expedition, a few months ago discovered a whole bunch of the plants. He sent them along to Calcutta, whence two were dispatched to Kew, and others are gradually coming through to England.

"Probably another 50 years will elapse ere more Fairleanum are found," said a British specialist "for no private collecting expedition is likely to venture into such a country. My own belief is that unless another military expedition traverses the same ground there will never again be a chance of getting plants."

The plant flowering at Kew has five growths and two flowers. The second plant, is developing five blooms. The flower has a slender, hairy scape about ten inches in height, a prominent and charming dorsal sepal, one and three-quarters inches in length by one and one-quarter inches in breadth, with a white ground beautifully veined with violet purple and with brownish green veins near the center and whitish hairs around the margins. The petals droop and have an upward curve at the tips, they are one and one-half inches in length with a white ground streaked with purple and yellow. The upper margin of the petals is much undulating and covered with prominent purple hairs. The pouch is rather small, greenish-brown in color veined with brownish red and covered with shaggy hairs.

## How Insects Use Flowers.

It is astounding to think of the result of this mutual, and yet independent working. Every shade of color, from pale yellow to the richest red, every peculiarity of form, from the flat shape of the buttercup to the intricate windings of the daisy, every degree of sweetness, from the insipidity of many flowers to the rich sugariness of the honeysuckle, and every kind of scent, from the foul odor which attracts vulgar flies to the most delicate perfumes that delight the bees, all have proceeded from this connection of insects with flowers.—Outing Magazine.

## Thrown Out.

"And you say you lost your position by the great earthquake in San Francisco?" inquired the kind lady.

"Yes, mum," replied Frayed Franklyn.

"What was your position?"

"I was asleep in a barn at the time," mum.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

## PRECOCIOUS SENILITY.

Valuable Lives Snuffed Out in Youth and Middle Age by Disease of Age.

Precocious senility, when marked and rapid, is so rare as to be mere academic interest, a pathologic curiosity, such as the recorded instances of children of six years dying with arteriosclerosis and other signs of extreme age, says American Medicine. Even the very uncommon, but a much larger number of milder cases have so long been noted as to have given rise to the axiom that a man is as old as his arteries. These cases deserve more thought than is given to them, not so much to discover cures as to prevent decay, and save to society so many valuable lives which are now snuffed out in the middle age by diseases of the senile. There has been much wild speculation on the subject, chiefly in lay journals, and due, no doubt, to some more or less sensational investigations of Metchnikoff on the causes of normal senility and the possibility of prolonging human life beyond the century mark. Yet it is a serious problem and we should know what is the stimulus which makes one organism go through all its life changes in 50 years, while another under apparently identical conditions lasts 30 years longer.

## COLD IS A MINOR FACTOR

In Pneumonia the Huddling Together of People Is More Important

Augustus Wadsworth declares that experience has shown cold to be a minor predisposing factor in the development of pneumonia. The huddling together of people in close quarters is of far more importance, says Medical Record.

The treatment of pneumonia in its present stage may be said to be either very easy or impossible. A careful prophylaxis against disturbances of the digestive tract is of the greatest importance. Many ways of attaining the same results present themselves and the choice in great measure rests with personal experience. The hope of definite results lies in the production of an efficient and specific antiseptic.

It is known that poisonous substances are elaborated by the pneumococcus, but so far the production of an antitoxin corresponding to that used in diphtheria has not been obtained. Pneumonia, however, is the bacteremic disease and as yet in none of this type have satisfactory results been secured in relation to antiserum. The hope of success nevertheless is gradually growing brighter.

## RETAIN PRIMEVAL IDEAS.

Indians Are Not Free with Information to Agents of the Government.

Alexander Posey, the Creek clerk in the Dawes commission, who works for the government among the full-bloods, runs across some interesting characters among the Indians, some of whom live far from towns, speak their own language, seldom get out of their own neighborhood and still have faith in the treaties of the government with the Indians.

One of these is Attus Hotiya, who cannot speak English. The other day Mr. Posey went to Hotiya's place to get information concerning a child of Hotiya who had died. In reply to questions Hotiya answered:

"You crossed the Wewoka creek this morning? It is spring and the water runs; you see the green grass on the prairie; the grass still grows. Our people have agreed that so long as water runs and grass grows, we shall not have our lands divided nor our governments supplanted. I am not yet ready to give information."

"This speech was made in Creek and represents the dignity and faith of the old class of Indians who still resent the government allotment of lands. When it was explained to him that all the information wanted was such as would make possible an allotment for his child, he replied:

"God has given her an allotment in the graveyard. She is dead. The allotment there is all that she is entitled to."

A grave is all the allotment that I am entitled to and all that God intended that I should have. It is enough. The Great Father placed the Pacific on one side and the Atlantic on the other, and the land between he gave to the Indian.

"The white man came and he set corner stones and told the Indian that he must live between these. The Indian cannot live so. He is being strangled by the white man, who has disarmed him of his bow and arrow and driven him from the forests the game. The end of the Indian is near, but I am not yet ready to contribute to hastening it."

## Pleasant for Him.

"I was so sorry to hear of your daughter eloping with young Badger."

"You needn't condole with me," interrupted Henpeck. "I'm tickled to death."

"But he's such an impertinent upstart."

"Well, it'll be a positive joy to have some one in the family who can talk up to my wife."—Philadelphia Ledger.

# UNDER CANVAS

ONE NIGHT - ONE PERFORMANCE  
You're Here the Only  
New See the BENTY  
J. J. CONLEY  
Presents the New  
WESTERN DRAMA  
You're Coming!  
Why, of course!

## The Scout's Revenge

By EAL RIED

20  
People in  
the Cast  
20



16 Piece  
Zouave Band  
16

Specialties  
Introduced  
Between Acts  
Parade at Noon  
Each Day  
A Free Concert  
at 7:00 o'clock  
Doors Open 7:30 o'clock  
Performance Begins 8:00

A  
Specially  
Constructed  
Canvas  
Theatre  
Absolutely  
Water-Proof

Elegant Costumes  
Lavish Effects  
A Carload of  
Scenery  
Lighted by  
Electricity  
Seated with  
Opera Chairs

ADA, THURSDAY, AUG. 23

## OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some far argains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building, :: 12th and Broadway.

## Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

## Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249. Office at Ice Plant

## PAUL W. ALLEN.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

## Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

## Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.

Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

## GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Boien)

## WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money. YOURS FOR PRESCRIPTIONS

W. T. NOLEN



**A GOOD DOCTOR**



is a broad minded man, and one who has the interest of his patients at heart and does all in his power to cure for his patients. The best doctors' skill and ability in of little consequence if his prescriptions are filled by incompetent druggists and with impure drugs. Our prescription department is the largest and most complete of any in the city and is composed of the purest drugs and chemicals and compounded by experienced druggists. Consequently the best results are obtained. We can fill any prescription written by any physician in the city. You do not need to take them elsewhere because they are written on other druggists' stationery.

**G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.**  
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

**LOANS**

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

**ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.**

W. H. EBEY, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND. TER.

A Full Line of

**May Manton Bazar PATTERNS**

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

**Reed & Harrison**

**MASON DRUG COMPANY**

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Uptodate Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

**OVERDRAFTS**

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the controller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

**Ada National Bank**

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500. Ada, Ind. Ter

# COMING!

## J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin



**\$5,000.00 Challenge Band and Orchestra**

The only big one coming this way traveling in their own private car. Will exhibit under waterproof tent seating 2,500. Rain or shine, at

**Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28**

**LOCAL NEWS**

Jno. Beard went to Madill today.

Smoke up at the smokehouse. 128 6td

W. H. Braley went to Francis today.

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

C. E. Davis went to Tishomingo today.

Bran, 100-lb sacks 90c. Phone 70. tf

Mrs. A. L. Ingram went to Okemah today.

Buy Big A flour if you want the best. 131-St. Ada Milling Co.

Gilbert, Everett and Jack Reed returned today from Lenoard and other Texas points.

We sell flour and bran cheap. Try us and be convinced. 131-St.

Price Big A flour before you buy if you want the best for less than you can buy inferior brands. 131-St. Ada Milling Co.

Miss Ora and Virilinda Yates, who have been the guests of the Misses Sims for the past month returned to their home in Paris.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

Mrs. H. M. Parvin, who has been attending the sick bed of her sister, Mrs. W. T. Cox, returned to her home in McKinney, Texas today.

For anything to eat or wear call on Jas. M. Walsh, one price, spot cash to all. 129tf

It's worth while to buy your cigars at the Smokehouse. A box free to customers every night. 128 6td

Miss Grace Boyle, who has been with the Oklahoma Central commissary people left today for Sulphur, at which place she has accepted a position.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

Mrs. W. T. Cox who has been very ill is improving.

Play a game of pool at the Smokehouse and get a box of cigars. 128 6td

Our business affairs have been permanently and satisfactorily arranged and we have resumed business. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 130d5w1 MASON DRUG CO.

Misses Mary Goff of Terrell, Texas, Leah Crain of Illinois and Neal Bowler of Okemah, are guests of Mrs. W. S. Thomson.

Best bran in town 80c per 100 pounds. Phone 66. 131-St.

Andrew K. Thornton is rapidly improving.

Judge J. M. Doss, who has been confined to his home on account of illness is reported no better today.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-tf

H. T. Young has purchased the Jno. P. McKinley property in Sunrise. Mr. Young will move in Sept. 1st. He comes to the city to take advantage of the public schools.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and county. 130d5w1

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" never grows old. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal language of the heart. It reflects like a prism the innermost phases of the human emotion. It is more than a play. It is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can enthuse the mind: human liberty and the immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by J. D. Chunn's colossal spectacular company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management doubtless believes in the maxim, "What's worth doing is worth doing well." They have brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first class entertainment. J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin company will exhibit at Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28.

**News' Name Election.**

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed? .....

Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer? .....

[Signature] .....

[Street Address] .....

**Program A. Y. M. B. S.**

Sunday, August 28, 1906. Services held at First Presbyterian church, promptly at 8 o'clock.

Song.

Opening prayer.

Roll call.

Lesson: Fourth chapter of Nehemiah. Leader, J. W. Beard.

General discussion. Leader, Orel Harper.

Prayer.

Song.

Rolls opened for new members.

Benediction.

Every man and boy will be most cordially welcomed. Every christian is especially urged to "line up" with this society.

**Ada Man in Wreck.**

W. D. Hays was on the Frisco Meteor Tuesday night bound for home when it collided with a freight while crossing the Union Pacific at Aurora, Ill.

Two men were killed and several seriously wounded. Mr. Hays says he was about to take his seat when the jolt came and he was thrown against a seat and received an ugly bruise on his forehead. He was unconscious for several moments and suffered considerably for several hours.

Mr. Hays was enroute home from a visit in north Alabama and Tennessee. Of course we are delighted that W. D. got out whole.

**A Great Revival.**

The revival will begin at the Christian church Friday evening, September 7th, 1906. The meetings will be conducted by C. F. Trimble, state evangelist, of Oklahoma. He will have with him Prof. O'Neal and wife of Springfield, Mo., who will have charge of the song service. Both are fine singers and come highly recommended.

Make ready for a great meeting for it is surely coming. 131d3

**Harrell Coming.**

Rev. T. B. Harrell of Mt. Vernon, Tex., wired D. W. Swaffar of the pulp committee this morning that he would fill the pulpit at the Baptist church next Sunday, Aug. 26. Rev. Harrell is one of the strongest ministers in northeast Texas and there is no question but that all who hear him will be greatly benefitted. Do not forget to come out.

**Road Builders Busy.**

Newt Herron, who has charge of the road from a point two miles south of Ahlosa to the rock crossing on Boggy, together with about twenty-five men were making the dirt fly and "chug holers" disappear all day Wednesday. It is now imperative that the road between Boggy and Ada be put in shape. It ought to be done quickly too.

**Court News.**

Jim Ray was committed on two charges of larceny. The bond was fixed at \$1,000 and \$750 respectively. It is thought that he will be unable to make bond.

Jesse Bump, charged with embezzlement, was arrested by J. C. Chapman at Kittie last Tuesday. He is being tried this afternoon.

H. M. Williams and Henry Houston were arrested today, three miles south of Center, by T. E. Brents charged with larceny of \$400 worth of timber. Their case will come up tomorrow.

**Wanted.**

Boy about 12 or 13 years of age; one who is not going to school. 130-4t Apply at Telephone office.

**WANTED**—One or two unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. See Mrs. Lou Clark, at the Model Bakery. 123-3t

For Rent—A three-room house with good water and barn, corner of Fourteenth and Johnson.—Mrs. Julia Fleming. 1303t

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Full Cream, highest patent flour, \$1.85 per hundred.—Jas. M. Walsh, phone 70. 129tf

Box of cigars given away every night this week at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129tf

The only exclusive cigar stand in town, the Smokehouse. Why not patronize it? 128 6td

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and country. 130d5w1

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

**LOOK HERE!**

If you eat, you will be interested in knowing what to buy. Look over this list of delicacies and phone us your orders.

Cupid Relish ..... 25c

Campbell's Salad Dressing (the best) ..... 25c

Heinz Mandalay Sauce ..... 30c

Heinz Worcester Sauce 85c

Heinz Olive Oil ..... 45c

Heinz Prepared Mustard 15c

Heinz Tomato Chutney 30c

Nice bottle Olives ..... 10c

And many other things we can't mention today. We will appreciate your business.

**Jones Bros.**

Successors to Jones & Meaders

**FURMAN & CROXTO**

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

**C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown**

**GALBRAITH & McKEOWN**

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

**DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ**

OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

**ADA, IND. TER.**

**DR. W. T. NOLEN**

—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store

Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

I have opened the

**Twelfth Street Meet Market**

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

**C. L. HICKEY.**

**Geo. A. Truitt,**

**Engineer and Land Surveyor**

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to All Work Entrusted.

**Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted**

**C. J. Warren, Optician**

**Do You Need Shoes?**

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children

**CHAPMAN**

**The Shoe Man.**

**The Nickel Store.**

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

**S. M. Shaw, Prop.**

New location on Main street third door west of Rallow's corner.

**Phone 77.**

**The Nickel Store.**

Where You Save Money on Everything.

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Where You Save Money on Everything.

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## PUBLIC SERVICE

Government Clerks and Their Duties—How to Obtain an Appointment.

By NATHAN C. FOWLER, JR.

Author of "The Boy—How to Help Him Succeed," "Building Business," "Fowler's Cyclopedia of Public and Printing," "Practical Publicity," "Dollars and Sense," "Clumpion," Etc.

(Copyright, 1906, by Nathan C. Fowler, Jr.)

Every public office-holder, and everyone who directly or indirectly devotes the whole or any part of his time to the work of the government, whether that government be of the nation, of the state, of the city, of the country town, or of the village, is a government worker, and a member of the public service.

Public service employees, commercially speaking, are those who work for the government as they would labor for a mercantile house, depending upon their salaries for a livelihood. Their number is legion, and they grade from the street cleaner to the president's private secretary.

By those unfamiliar in the premises, the government clerk, or other employee, is often supposed to enjoy what our boys designate as a "snap," and to be overpaid for his services. This impression is somewhat founded on fact, but there is more apparent than real reason for its prevalence. A few government employees have an easy time if one considers the small amount of clerical work which they do and their limited number of working hours. It is also true that there are a number of government clerks, but a much smaller percentage than is usually admitted, who could not actually earn the salary paid them, if they received but ten per cent of their present wages.

But the government employee, as he runs, is not overpaid, and is much oftener underpaid, although the government pays more on an average for the service it receives than does the ordinary mercantile house. If the government did not pay a little more than is paid by business establishments, it could not obtain other than the lowest order of clerical work, because the government position offers the minimum of opportunity, notwithstanding the well-established and generally executed civil service rules under which the promotions are made, or are supposed to be made.

The work of the government employee is of the routine sort, with little variation, and it seldom gives opportunity for the exercise of any talent save the practice of faithfulness and accuracy. He is a part of a great machine, and only a part. As an individual, he is not indispensable, nor can he reach this condition. In most cases, another can take his place at a moment's notice. The machine of which he is a part is but a huge grind of rigid discipline, and the motion is everlastingly monotonous. Even if he does his best, he cannot expect to be much more than an insignificant factor, one of a great army of similar factors.

### Clerks Dissatisfied.

Conversation with a number of government employees, representing every department in public service, thoroughly convinces me that more than nine-tenths of our government clerks, who have held their positions for more than half a dozen years, regret that they entered the government's employ and that more than half of this nine-tenths would resign their positions if their experience were sufficient to give them fair opportunity of obtaining work in mercantile establishments.

The ordinary government employee, however, has an advantage over the clerk of commerce for under the present civil service system he is likely to hold his position permanently. If he remains competent and faithful he is reasonably certain of systematic promotion, but only up to a definitely defined point. Unfortunately, the higher-salaried governmental positions, although nominally controlled by the accepted rules of promotion, are frequently manipulated by influence and subject to political pull, and their incumbents are not certain of their positions as they are likely to be transferred or thrown out altogether. The boy with ambition, competent to do more than clerical work should keep away from the government service. The boy who is methodical, faithful, with some clerical capacity, and with little ambition, is, perhaps, better off in the employ of the government than he would be elsewhere. Once in the government employ, always in the government employ, is a rule with few exceptions; for the government gives a kind of non-transferable experience which, while it fits the boy to properly fill his governmental position, does not develop him along other lines. And, therefore, substantially every government employee, who has been with the government more than a dozen years, remains with the government as long as he lives. His training does not fit him to occupy many outside positions. This condition, to some extent, applies to all clerical workers; but the clerk of a mercantile house is better off if he loses his position than is the discharged government employee.

### Better Off at Start.

The reason so many boys enter the government employ is because they are financially gainers at the start, the initiative government salary being in excess of that paid by mercantile houses, and because the hours are easier, the work seldom wearing and the life free from the rush and worry of mercantile life.

Efficient-to-the-day people are adapted to government positions.

There are people who care more about what they receive to-day than what they are likely to fit themselves to obtain to-morrow; who are better satisfied with certainty's little than with opportunity's much. The government-bred boy and man have grown up in an atmosphere which unites them to live outside of governmental walls. They have been steeped in the policy of conventionality, at the sacrifice of their finer ambitions and qualities.

The government office is something of an asylum. It is seldom run upon business principles. The under-employee may overwork—at least, he does the bulk of the work, while the upper-employee, or head of a department, often underworks. The work is not balanced. It is not fairly divided. The majority of government employees are proficient in only one thing, and many of them are noted for doing the least possible work in a given time. The whole tendency is against the development of ambition or of the finer qualities, because rewards are few, none of the rewards have much value, and more than ordinary faithfulness is not recognized.

The objections I have presented do not apply to the heads of great departments, for these positions are often held by men of enormous capacity or of pronounced public spirit; but, unfortunately, most of these places are appointive, and are seldom filled by the risers from the government workers' ranks. Take the post office for instance. Probably not one per cent of the postmasters throughout the country have had any practical experience along the line of their work. They were appointed because they were good business men, or for political reasons, generally for the latter. Occasionally a head clerk becomes postmaster, but not often.

### Outside Business World.

The government employee is outside of the world of business. He does not come in contact with men, conditions and things, except in a limited way. True, he has less cause for anxiety, but this advantage is offset by the loss of much which appeals to the ambition of manhood.

Young man, if you are ambitious, and if you feel that you have more than ordinary capacity, I would advise you to keep away from the government service. Do not sell your life's chances for a few extra dollars at the beginning of your career. You have many years to live. The importance of what you do, to-day, is largely in what it represents of to-morrow's work. A small salary at the start, with opportunity for the future, is far better than a good salary at the start, with limited chance of promotion. The best that the government can give you, as a government employee, is not to be compared, from the point of view of fame or fortune, with what you may obtain in business or in profession.

If you prefer a small present with a prospective certainty, rather than the greater reward at reasonable risk, then by all means obtain a government position, and stay there for life. But if you have in you the stuff that ambition is made of, strike out for yourself, and begin by following the road where individuality has opportunity, and where ambition is limited to your capacity and is not under the standstill will of an automatic master—your government.

### Some Advantages.

The Hon. Edward A. Moseley, secretary of the Interstate commerce commission, Washington, in a letter to the author, says:

"The principal advantage in entering the government service in Washington is the opportunity it gives a young man to obtain an education in almost any profession he may choose, as the sessions of our law, medical, dental and other colleges are made to conform to the departmental hours, so that a clerk may perform his duties and attend lectures, after office hours. Moreover, the great library of congress, the public library of the District of Columbia, and the many highly specialized libraries attached to the various departments of the government are accessible, and are rich fields for research on any subject. The debates in congress are an education in themselves, and in its halls may be heard, without any expense whatever, some of our greatest living orators. The young man who is fortunate enough to obtain a situation here can support himself while acquiring a profession, and this is done by a great many. Some of our most successful men have held clerical positions here."

"As to the disadvantages: When a young man secures a position here, which gives him much leisure time, owing to the comparatively short hours, the knowledge that he is secure from dismissal so long as he behaves himself and shows a disposition to perform his work rather tends to stifle ambition and to make of men naturally energetic mere machines, whose only hope is an advance in salary. The salary of the average government employee is inadequate to marriage and the support of a family,

and if the married clerk is stirred to ambition and desires to learn some profession he is very apt to find that all his earnings are swallowed up in the expense of maintaining his family and he has nothing left with which to buy books and pay for tuition. I should hate to have anyone belonging to me in the government service; the safety of the positions goes far toward deadening ambition and quieting desire for anything better."

### Free Field for All.

The Hon. George W. Hibbard, postmaster of Boston, in a letter to the author says:

"I would say on the side of encouraging efforts in this direction that there is a free field for all in securing entrance to government positions through the competitive merit system of the civil service law of our country. A certain satisfaction comes to the young man who enters a contest of this character and succeeds. His intellectual attainments, such as they may be, have stood the test of inquiry, and this step, if he will but take the lesson home to himself, will point out the way for future success in his chosen work. Competition will surround him in his many co-workers, and he must have the ambition, not only to do well, but to do better than others, if he would advance to the pay and responsibility of the higher grades in the service. Any intellectual equipment, apart from the faculties which the ordinary work of the day bring into play, will be an advantage to the ambitious and secure for him more speedy promotion."

Advancement is the handmaid of integrity and ambition, and the government employ may bring a sufficiency of success to those who desire to succeed.

On the other hand, while the government in its lower grades of employment secures to the beginner a larger recompense for the work performed than private business will afford him, there is more or less dead levelism about the duties, and a person content with his lot will not attain to much honor or emolument. Such a person, perhaps, would not succeed in any business, and the question of success in employment largely resolves itself into one of personal application and ambition of the worker. Trade and business activities undoubtedly call forth the characteristics of industry and mental direction to a greater degree than the ordinary government position, and there is, therefore, a larger field for the development of the individual."

### GREAT CASE WEBSTER WON

Legal Victory Said to Have Been Most Gratifying of Any in His Career

Daniel Webster occupied the first place at the Massachusetts bar, although in his day many of his contemporaries were great lawyers. So much has been written of Mr. Webster, especially as relates to his service in the senate of the United States, that the younger generation is familiar with his life and what he accomplished. In the courts he was a distinguished figure and as counsel for plaintiff or defendant his name appears upon the dockets in many celebrated cases. It is said that the legal victory which gave him the most pleasure was in the action of John Sanborn against the administrator of the estate of Nathan Tufts. The latter, who was a tanner in Charlestown, left property valued at more than \$500,000, and in his will no mention is made of Sanborn, who had been employed by Tufts for more than 25 years, although it was understood that the latter had agreed to provide for Sanborn. A year after the death of Tufts Sanborn brought suit on a note for \$10,000 which he claimed Tufts had given him and also sought to enforce the provisions of the deed to a piece of realty said to be worth about \$10,000. Mr. Webster, who was associated with Rufus Choate as counsel for Sanborn, did not enter the case until a second trial, a verdict for the plaintiff at a previous trial having been set aside by the supreme court, which in its decision intimated, at least, that the instruments sued upon were forgeries—a point that was contended for by the defense. A second verdict for Sanborn, which was not disturbed by the supreme court, was very gratifying to Mr. Webster.—New England Magazine.

### His Story Was True.

"Here's a cup I got in Morocco," said the enthusiastic tourist, showing his collection of souvenirs; "you see, it is an Arabic inscription." His friend was turning the cup curiously around. At length he remarked dryly:

"Yes, the inscription is Arabic all right."

"Sure!" replied the returned tourist, a little miffed at the intimation of a possible deception.

"You can read it better if you turn the cup upside down," suggested the friend; and sulking the tourist to the word, he showed the tourist that the mysterious characters were nothing more than "1903" engraved in rough, irregular figures on the metal.

"The rascal!" exclaimed the outraged collector; "he told me that it was an Arabic inscription when he said it to me!"

"He told you nothing more than the truth," was the reply. "You forget that our numerals are Arabic."

But somehow from that moment the collector lost interest in the souvenir from Morocco.

### IMPROVED POULTRY HOUSE.

One with a Scratching Shed Necessary, for Plenty of Room for Fowls Is Essential.

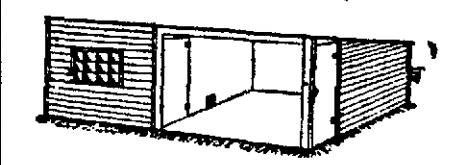
In order to have hens do well, they want commodious quarters. Especially is this true during the winter and, if they are prohibited running at large throughout the year. Owing to their love for that freedom which allows them to move about at will and work as they please, they soon get tired if confined in a small closed pen, and stand around and mope, as it were, until they become fat and lazy and lose their appetite, whereupon they are a detriment rather than a good, to the owner.

What they need is an open scratching shed, where they can exercise in the open air, going in and out as they wish. They will then be always ready to eat or work, and this, in turn, giving them health and strength, will enable them to lay a large number of good, fertile eggs.

Fortunately, it is not necessary to build an elaborate, costly structure to bring about these results. A simple scratching-shed house, like that shown in the accompanying illustration, will suffice just as well and, oftentimes, much better.

This affords the great advantage of having a "living room" adjoining the sleeping apartment, so that on sunny days a complete change of air and scene can be enjoyed by the fowls without exposing them to piercing or driving storms. It also permits of the ventilation being adapted to the weather and temperature conditions at the discretion of the owner.

When the imprisonment of the birds in a single apartment is taken into consideration, the importance of this is at once apparent, says Prairie Farmer, for if limited to one atmosphere and one temperature night and day, throughout the cold, stormy months of winter, they cannot help but be



POULTRY HOUSE WITH SCRATCHING SHED.

come listless, debilitated and "out of condition," and what few eggs they do lay be incapable of hatching strong, robust chicks that will live and grow.

Best of all, however, by using, a house with a scratching-shed, as many again birds can be kept as compared with the closed pen. Hence, the cost of the scratching-shed does not add anything in the way of expense, as far as having buildings to accommodate a certain number of fowls is concerned. On the other hand, there is everything to commend it—the better health of the birds, the greater production and higher fertility of their eggs, and, owing to the natural warmth from the bodies of so many of them, the elimination of supplying artificial heat in the roosting room at night. Moreover, by adopting the arrangement illustrated, it is possible to duplicate the construction and have a succession of closed rooms and open sheds, extending, if the ground is sufficiently level to allow it, almost any length desired.

The shed part should be 10x10 feet, the roosting room 10x8 feet. The sills, which should be laid at least a foot above the surface of the ground, may rest on stone or brick foundations, or posts set into the ground below the usual frost line; these "piers" should be located at a distance of about five feet from one another. For the sills, as well as plates, rafters and corner studs, 2x4 scantling will do; the intermediate studs may consist of 2x3 stuff. The studs, of course, want to be toenailed firmly to the sills, the plates to the studs and the rafters to the plates. The front studs should be 7½ feet long, and the rear ones 5 feet long. This will give a fairly good pitch to the roof, on which any first rate roofing may be used. The house, of course, should face toward the south.

After provisions have been made for the window and doors, as is suggested in the cut, the sides should be boarded up with good matched lumber. To prevent the fowls from wandering away and mixing with those of other pens, and also protecting them from birds and animals of prey, the front of the scratching-shed must be inclosed with wire netting; it is convenient to have one section of it made into a gate to open and let the birds out into the yard in front of the house.

In addition to the netting there should be a cloth curtain to close at night in winter, or on stormy or windy days, thus protecting the fowls from snow-storms and piercing winds. On clear days it should be lifted soon after sunrise and kept up until the sun gets low in the west, but if the weather is very cold it is better to raise it only for an hour or two during the middle of the day, and in case a storm or cold wind prevails, not at all. Such a curtain may be fastened at the top by nailing it in place with a strip of lath, and the lower edge held where wanted by means of hooks having screw eyes.

With the curtain fastened down at night, it is not necessary to close the door between the roosting room and scratching-shed unless the weather is severely cold, and unless it is way below zero, the small opening at the right of this door should never be closed. It will otherwise be warm enough—that is, if the walls are celled on the inside and the space between packed with straw or sawdust, as it should be. By opening the window in warm weather, and partly on very warm winter days, excellent ventilation at all seasons of the year can be obtained.

## Good Jokes

**Same Over Here.**  
Church—Women and young girls in Java carry heavy loads on their heads, balancing them with great skill. From the time a Javanese girl is able to walk she is taught the art of carrying things on her head.  
Gotham—Same way here, old man. The millinery stores will eloquently testify to that fact.—Yonkers Statesman.

### A DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.



Mr. Hoggelheimer—Here waiter; just take this chop back, it's not fit for a pig to eat.

Waiter—Ah, zen of course m'sieu will not 'ave eem!—Topeka State Journal.

**Sagacity.**  
She's to marry the rich Mr. Biddle. And he's a good catch, as you know; but she never will play second fiddle. For she knows how to handle her beau.—Cleveland Leader.

**Not Yet Hopeless.**  
Edith—I showed father one of your poems and he was delighted.  
Egbert—Indeed?  
"Yes; he said it was so bad he thought you'd probably be able to earn a living at something else."—Cassell's Journal.

**As the Wheels Go Round.**  
"Queer thing, isn't it?" remarked the thoughtful thinker.  
"What's queer?" asked the other party to the dialogue.  
"That the second hand on a watch is in reality the third," explained the t. t.—Chicago Daily News.

**Value Received.**  
Once more the summer girl draws near. Whose father's ample shekels Abundantly and with good cheer Are paid for tan and freckles.—Washington Star.

### HER THOUGHTS.



He—What are you thinking about, dear?  
She—Only, how nice, I would be to have a really handsome fire screen!—Topeka State Journal.

**Revised Version.**  
Hush a-bye, baby, he still and sleep. Your mamma has gone to her club; There she'll strive for a eucure prize. While papa must stay home and scrub.—Chicago Daily News.

**Helpful.**  
"What books have helped you most?" inquired the literary girl.  
"Well, answered the wholly mercenary author, "I must confess that I never succeeded in drawing royalties from any except my own."—Washington Star.

**In Society.**  
Ice Box—I hear you are entertaining a good deal lately.  
Thermometer—Yes, indeed! I'm giving everybody a hot time.—Detroit Free Press.

**His Reason.**  
"Skribbs, I like your poetry better than all the rest I know of."  
"Why, that's mighty nice of you. Pray, what—er—why?"  
"Because nobody ever prints any of it, you know."—Cleveland Leader.

**Her Mannish Ways.**  
"Madge was an awful tom-boy when she was a girl."  
"Maybe that's why she's such a 'good fellow' now."—Detroit Free Press.

**Will Leave Her Alone.**  
"Miss Cutting says she is going to sleep out of doors all summer."  
"Why, the mosquitoes will eat her up!"  
"No, they won't—she's too sour."—Detroit Free Press.

**In Chicago.**  
"So charmed to meet with you again, I'm sure, Mrs. Jones."  
"Pardon me, but I haven't been Mrs. Jones for three husbands. I'm now Mrs. Jones-Hyphen-Stevens-Brown."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

**Polish.**  
"I must say that Josh's education has improved him," said Farmer Corn-tassel.  
"Did you ask him to help you on the farm like you said you would?"  
"Yes."  
"And he consented?"  
"No. But he was so polite in his way of refusal that I felt real flattered."—Washington Star.

**Sure of Her Consent.**  
She—You say you are going to marry me?  
He—Yes, dear.  
"But you're not sure that I'll marry you."  
"Oh, well, I'm going to telephone your father to-morrow. I guess he'll give his consent."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Like a Change.**  
Redd—You say he's got a new automobile?  
Greene—Yes; got it this week.  
"Why, he hadn't had the other one very long?"  
"No; but you see he got tired of the smell of the old car."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Unfair Advantage.**  
The busy bee both perseveres. The ant talks on from day to day. If I, like them, loafed half the year, Perhaps I'd work as hard as they.—Washington Star.

### HADN'T DECIDED DEFINITELY.



Charlie—Are you a visitor down here?  
Violet—Oh, no, I'm one of the natives.  
Jack—Indeed, then I think the town council ought to put you down on the list of the attractions of the place, with your photograph, don't you know.

**Calls for Investigation.**  
The novelists of true romance Their food will have to vary; To make the villain bite the dust Is quite unsanitary.—N. Y. Sun.

**Short Measure.**  
Diggs—It never occurred to me that Muggins was a midget until last night.  
Biggs—And how did it happen to occur to you then?  
Diggs—I overheard a woman say that he was every inch a gentleman.—Chicago Daily News.

**Even Break.**  
The Barber—Beg pardon, sir, but this is a bad quarter.  
The Victim—Oh, well, don't you care. It isn't any worse than the hair cut you gave me.—Chicago Daily News.

### QUITE AN ADVERTISEMENT.



Ella—When is your next birthday?  
Stella—O, sometime in 1903.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

**Sure Thing.**  
It's easier, I'm thinking, If one would hunt for trouble To do it when he's drinking For then he'll see it double.—Philadelphia Press.

**A Correction.**  
Mr. Stoplate—I believe I must say good-night.  
Miss Tersleep—Oh, don't! Why should you?  
Mr. Stoplate—Why, really—ah—it's getting rather late, isn't it?  
Miss Tersleep—Yes, altogether too late to say good-night. Say good-morning.—Cleveland Leader.

**A Frost.**  
"Did you get on well as an actor?"  
"Yes—I got on well enough, I guess, but I couldn't get off half quick enough."—Cleveland Leader.